

HAWKERS' RIOTS CLOSE UP SHOPS, CALL OUT S. V. C.

Police Reserves Out All
Day, Quelling Succession
Of Disturbances

FIVE CHINESE SHOT

Demonstrations Increase De-
spite Suspension Of
Rise In Licenses

BIG MOBS GATHER

Volunteers Kept On Guard
Through Night To Prevent
More Trouble

Retail business in foodstuffs was practically at a standstill last evening, police reserves were constantly called upon to quell disturbances and a platoon from each unit of the Shanghai Volunteers were on duty all last night, as the result of another day's rioting by hawkers.

Crowds of hawkers thronged the streets in all sections of the city, the mobs sweeping the thoroughfares, closing every shop on the various streets and frequent meetings and subsequent outbursts kept the police busy from early yesterday morning until late last night.

Early this morning everything was quiet, but more trouble is anticipated at the markets of the Settlement this morning despite the publication of thousands of posters and handbills proclaiming to the hawkers that the increase in license fees, originally scheduled to take effect yesterday, had been suspended by emergency action of the Municipal Council. The Council met yesterday afternoon and sanctioned the distribution of the handbills and posters, which were scattered broadcast throughout the city.

Five Chinese were wounded by shooting policemen near the Hongkew station yesterday morning and are at St. Luke's hospital. Two of these are likely to die. A Sikh constable was treated at the Police Hospital. Eight arrests have been made, three by Hongkew police, three by officers attached to the Sinza station and two by West Hongkew constables. The men will appear at the Mixed Court this morning charged with rioting.

Practically every retail shop in the city was closed yesterday. Mobs surged through the streets ordering proprietors to close their places of business and the crowds met with no opposition. Police reserves were called upon time and again to disperse the hawkers and the hundreds that joined the crowds, and with the exception of the shooting at Hongkew early in the morning, there were no injuries.

It developed yesterday that the proposed increase in license fees, which was provided for at the March meeting of the ratepayers, is a health measure rather than a revenue measure. It was believed that better class of fruits and perishable foodstuffs would result from the order, which would mean a decrease in the number of hawkers. But two increases were provided for. Proprietors of fruit stalls, who up to April 30 paid \$10 a quarter, are now charged five dollars monthly. This raise is in effect.

Measure Is Postponed
The hawkers' license was increased from two dollars to three dollars monthly, but this will not take effect, members of the Municipal Council hastily agreeing that the measure, which was under consideration, should not be enforced at this time.

Notices of the proposed increases were posted about the markets and at other points throughout the city a week ago and leaders among the hawkers took the matter before Chu Pao-san, head of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Chu Pao-san sent a petition to the Municipal Council and the matter was to be taken up at the regular session yesterday. In the meanwhile, Mr. Chu Pao-san was called to Ningpo on business and Tuesday the hawkers took matters into their own hands. The result was a hasty conference of the Municipal Council members Tues-

(Continued on Page 2)

Millionaire Private Now Sergeant-Major



SEARGANT MAJOR GOULD
Sergeant-Major Kingdon Gould, one of the wealthiest men in the service of Uncle Sam at Camp Dix, N. J. Sergeant-Major Gould was conscripted last Summer and rapidly rose from a private to his present rank, the highest of the non-commissioned officers.

140 LOST ON STEAMER TORPEDOED IN ATLANTIC

Canadian Pacific Oronsa Sinks
In 10 Minutes; American
Y.M.C.A. Men On Board

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Holyhead, April 30.—The Canadian Pacific a.s. Oronsa has been torpedoed and sunk. 110 passengers, including 57 Americans going to France on Y. M. C. A. work, and five ladies were saved. Three of the crew are missing. It is reported that an engineer was killed by the explosion.

The Captain of the a.s. Oronsa, interviewed, said that when he was on the bridge he felt a bump and, realizing that the vessel had been torpedoed, ordered the boats to be lowered. All on board kept very cool and filled the boats in five minutes. The a.s. Oronsa sank in ten minutes. The submarine was invisible.

Several of the Y. M. C. A. party said that if they could return to America they would stir up the country against the cowardly Germans.

Later.—Survivors of the Oronsa state that altogether there were 250 persons on board the ship when she was torpedoed. The boilers blew up three minutes later. The survivors were half-an-hour in the boats. When on board the destroyer which picked them up the American survivors sang the Star Spangled Banner, God Save the King and Onward, Christian Soldiers!

When the destroyer had berthed Field Marshal Lord French came on board and congratulated the Americans on their escape.

THE EARTH IS GERMANY'S OYSTER, EXULTS OFFICER

Future Belongs To Kultur As
Conqueror's Prize, Opines
Writer In Der Tag

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, April 30.—Writing in Der Tag, Colonel Buddede, of the German General Staff, urges against a peace without victory, remarking: "Whereas other European countries have passed the climax of their history, Germany is eternally young and, newly invigorated, is obviously admirably qualified with her kultur to maintain the peace of the world. The future belongs to Germany as the conqueror's prize."

Berlin Threatens To Take Petrograd Unless Russia Frees German Prisoners

But All Russian Prisoners Fit For Military Service
Will Be Kept In Germany, U. S.
State Department Learns

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 29.—The State Department learns that Germany is sending to Russia a big commission to present demands regarding the exchange of prisoners, failing compliance with which Germany threatens to occupy Petrograd. Germany demands the immediate release of all fit German prisoners of war while the sick will remain in Russia under the care of neutral physicians. Germany will only release Russian prisoners who are unfit for military service.

London, April 30.—The German Government has taken up the reports in the Swedish press concerning disturbances in Petrograd and the restoration of the monarchy. Herr Busche, the German Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in a telegram to Irbach, the German Ambassador at Moscow, mentions the Swedish reports and says that he has received a letter from Petrograd dated April 13 which stated that a monarchist pronouncement was imminent and General Alexieff, M. Gutchkoff, M. Millukoff and M. Podzianko were in Petrograd. Herr Busche suggests the reports are not improbable and asks for a reply by telegraph.

Paris, April 30.—The French newspapers express the opinion that the rumors concerning the restoration of Tsarism in Russia are probably a German maneuver in order to discredit the prominent men in Russia who support the Entente.

They point out that it is to the interest of Germany that the Russian revolution should be crushed in order to justify German intervention. It is suspected here that the German inquiry to Moscow regarding events

in Petrograd is merely camouflage, as it is asserted that the Germans are fully aware of what is happening in Petrograd.

Amsterdam, April 30.—The German papers contradict the report that General Korniloff has died of wounds and say that he is marching on Orenburg, not with the object of restoring the monarchy but to convulse Parliament.

Copenhagen, April 29.—The White Guards have captured Viborg, which was the last strong fortress of the Red Guards. Nearly all the defenders were killed.

Japanese Vice-Consul Is Prisoner In Irkutsk

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Tokio, April 30.—The arrest of Mr. Sugino, the Japanese Vice-Consul at Irkutsk, is confirmed. It is not true that he was corresponding with the Russian authorities over the arrest of Mr. Minami, the President of the local Japanese Association.

The report that Viscount Uchida will return to Russia is premature. Nothing has been officially determined and it is possible only when a solidified Government will be established in Russia and the misunderstanding concerning Japan completely removed.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 30.—The Peking correspondent of the Times states that the Cossack leader, General Semenov, has defeated five hundred armed Hungarian prisoners who tried to prevent a junction between Semenov and another body of Cossacks.

Austrian Ruler Moves For Peace, Is Report

Appeals To Italy To Consider
Offer In Own Interests,
Says Swiss Agency

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Stockholm, April 30.—The Catholic International Press Agency in Switzerland announces that the Emperor Karl of Austria is making a fresh effort to secure peace and appeals to Italy to consider the matter well in her own interests.

Prefers Suicide To Return To Germany

Wealthy Manufacturer Interned
By British Kills Himself When
About To Be Repatriated

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, April 30.—Mr. Frederick Brandauer, the millionaire pen manufacturer, who was interned on the Isle of Man, has committed suicide by taking veronal. He was recently notified that he was to be repatriated but said that he would rather die than return to Germany. He left a letter stating that the agony of death was nothing compared to the agony of repatriation.

NO DECISION REACHED BY LABOR CONFERENCE

British And American Delegations
Not Agreed On International
Peace Meeting

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, April 30.—No decision was reached at the conference between British and American labor delegates with regard to an International Peace Conference. The American delegates have left on a visit to the Western front, after which the Conference with the British Laborites will be resumed.

War Savings Stamps Also Going Strong

\$43,412.36 Worth Sold In Two
Months; Loan Drive
Booms Sale

Speaking of the Liberty Loan Drive—as a number of people were recently there is also the War Savings Stamps drive which American Postmaster Everett has been conducting for a couple of months now, with gratifying results.

During the month of April the Post Office disposed of a total of 5,328 Stamps, the amount received being \$24,186.20. In March the Stamps sold numbered 4,644, bringing \$19,222.16. Thus the total to date is 10,472 Stamps and \$43,412.36. The accrued full value of these Stamps will be \$52,360, which makes the interest to accumulate on this number of Stamps by January 1, 1923, \$8,947.64. The Liberty Loan campaign also gave a boom to the miniature war bonds, the Postmaster said.

Between 100 and 150 Stamps were sold yesterday at the May rate—\$4.16. Soochow's contribution to the Liberty Loan came down yesterday, adding several thousand dollars to the total to go through local agencies.

POLISH SOLDIERS HERE ON WAY TO FRENCH FRONT

Servian Veterans Also In Party
Of Sixty Arriving From
Vladivostok

Bound for the battlefields of France, there to re-engage their German enemy, sixty odd Polish and Servian soldiers arrived in Shanghai yesterday on the Russian Volunteer Fleet steamer Penza. Many of the men have already seen service in the Eastern theater of war and will proceed to France on the first available steamer. In the meantime, taken under the care of the French authorities, they have been lodged in the French Concession and will probably occupy temporary barracks in the former German Medical School.

The Polish members of the party, twenty-eight in number, are enlisted in the Polish Legion which is already fighting on the Western front. The Servians have seen service in Bessarabia. All are anxious to get to grips once more with their enemy. They came to Shanghai from Vladivostok.

Brothers Meet In 'Blighty' After Nine Years



SEARGANTS J.F. AND W.J. ABBOTT

This shows Sergeant J. F. Abbott, of Syracuse, N. Y., on the left, and his brother, Sergeant W. J. Abbott, who have not seen each other in nine years and who met in "Blighty"—the rest center for the American forces. Both have done their bit in the trenches, and neither knew the other was in France until they met on a boulevard "over there." The British meaning of Blighty is "home," but the Americans are so far away from their own Blighty that they have started calling the rest centers by that name.

TOKIO CABINET NEAR FALL, LONDON HEARS

Times Correspondent In Tokio
Wires A New Coalition Ministry
Is Probable

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, April 30.—The Tokio correspondent of the Times states that Mr. Mizuno has been appointed Minister of the Interior in succession to Baron Goto, who announces that he will pursue the policy of his predecessor, Baron Motono. This is interpreted to mean that Japan is ready to intervene in Siberia but must have the mandate of the Powers and an absolutely free hand.

The resignation of the Cabinet is believed to be imminent and a Coalition Ministry is probable.

LICHNOWSKY DOCUMENT TRUE, HARDEN WRITES

No Impartial Court Could Con-
vict Him, German Editor
Says In Defense

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Amsterdam, April 30.—Maximalian Harden, writing in his paper Die Zukunft, declares that no impartial court could condemn Prince Lichnowsky, whose Memorandum contains no essential statement and no main idea which can be contradicted.

Wekerle Also Refuses Hungarian Premiership

Declines Because Unable To
Reach Agreement On
Franchise Reform

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Zurich, April 30.—A telegram from Budapest states that Dr. Wekerle, owing to his inability to reach an agreement on the details of franchise reform, has declined to form a Cabinet.

\$5,000 FOR RED CROSS NETTED AT BANQUET

Dinner-Dance At Carlton Is En-
joyable As Well As Pro-
fitable Affair

The May Day dinner and dance given at the Carlton last night under the auspices of the Shanghai Chapter, American Red Cross, turned out to be one of the happiest functions of the season and incidentally one of the most successful from the standpoint of the Red Cross exchequer. The net proceeds probably will run close to \$5,000.

If the ladies who were in charge of the sale of flags, boutonnières, etc., overlooked any opportunity, we have yet to hear of it. And most of them even charged a dollar for a dance—which must have been viewed as a bargain if we are to judge by the numbers that danced.

Numerous auctions and raffles swelled the receipts. One cigar was bid in at \$1,000.00 and in the excitement was broken.

Three hundred tickets had been sold at \$5 apiece and all the ticket-holders attended so that the Carlton, with two orchestras going, was crowded, both up and down stairs. Mr. Ladow had provided special decorations and beside furnishing the Carlton and the service free, he put up the dinner and the liquid side show at cost, donating the rest of the proceeds to the Red Cross. Altogether a pleasurable and profitable evening.

Hayashi Will Make Week's Trip South

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Peking, May 1.—Baron Hayaashi called on Premier Tuan Chi-jui yesterday. Baron Hayaashi leaves on the 3rd for a week's trip.

Mediation is the object of the trip of Baron Hayaashi, according to the Chinese press. He will visit Hankow, Nanking, Shanghai and other cities and consult with representatives of all parties with a view to bringing about an agreement for peace.

GERMANS SUFFER SERIOUS DEFEAT IN FLANDERS RIDGES

Attempt To Debouch From
Mount Kemmel Meets
Crushing Reverse

ATTACKS SMASHED

Wave After Wave Of In-
fantry Shattered By
Allied Guns

FRENCH COUNTER

Drive Enemy Out of Ground
Previously Taken
Around Locre

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 30.—Newspaper correspondents agree that the Germans suffered nothing less than a disastrous defeat in the first phase of the battle consequent on their desperate attempt to capture the line of hills, the Allied hold on which endangers their possession of Mount Kemmel. They probably used 12 divisions from east of Ypres southwards, with two more divisions north of Ypres. The violence of the gunfire on both sides was never greater or more unceasing at any period of the war. The successful defense of the Allies made the day the bloodiest of the war for the enemy, as attack after attack was smashed by our artillery and infantry fire.

The Germans had already suffered very heavily on Sunday when their concentrations of troops were caught and shattered by our gun-fire. Their waves of infantry yesterday were mowed down and the British wings and the French in the center neither broke nor bent.

French Win Back Ground

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig re-
ports this morning:

Counter-attacks made by the French yesterday afternoon and evening drove the enemy out from the remainder of the ground he gained in the morning in the neighborhood of Locre. They took a number of prisoners and secured the whole village of Locre.

After the heavy repulse inflicted on the enemy the night was comparatively quiet on the northern battlefield. Our line advanced slightly during the night eastward of Villers-Bretonneux.

Following a very intense bombardment, strong enemy forces violently attacked the positions held by the Franco-British forces from the neighborhood of Meteren to Zillebeke.

The enemy also attacked the Belgians northward of Ypres.

Very severe fighting developed along the whole Allied front.

The 25th, 49th and 21st British Divisions completely repulsed all the attempts made to enter the positions they held, despite the constant succession of determined attacks in great strength, and maintained their line intact. The enemy's losses were very heavy.

French Repulse Attacks

The French repulsed heavy attacks about Scherpenberg and Mount Rouge. At points where the enemy penetrated a short distance into the French positions they were quickly driven out and the greater part of the ground regained by counter-attacks.

The Belgians repulsed all the attacks made by the enemy after sharp fighting, inflicting severe casualties.

Fighting is continuing at certain points among the Allied battlefronts. Owing to the bad weather our aeroplanes dropped only a few bombs on various targets.

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters reported last evening: The attack of the enemy infantry developed over a wide front extending from North of Voormezelle nearly to Meteren. The strategic object was apparently a crab-claw movement converging upon the chain of hills towards Mount de Cats. This

front is held by the French in the center with our divisions on the flanks. The failure of the enemy at Loue undoubtedly influenced him to resort to crushing tactics but the news so far is eminently satisfactory. Up to this afternoon the day is in our favor.

The infantry attack began at 6 o'clock with an attempt to advance towards the Scherpenberg. This was completely held up.

During the morning the battle extended above Voornsele and, although Ypres was not attacked, the bombardment extended to that place.

A reconnaissance made in force by the enemy against the Belgians was repulsed.

Everywhere on the battlefield terrible punishment is being inflicted on the enemy, who throw in their divisions with a lavish disregard for sacrifices and are once again paying the full price for no result.

German Change Tactics

The Germans realizing that they were making no progress, have modified the crab-claw idea and the fighting has developed into a more direct attempt against the Scherpenberg and Mount Rouge. The Germans are making intense use of their great strength in artillery but the French garrisons on these hills have splendid cover and their 75's and our field-guns reply.

The air is full of aeroplanes, most of them observing the operations. It is abundantly clear that the day's story, when told, will be all to the French and British arms.

The battle is not yet over but, for an attack which has been in progress for 7 to 8 hours without making headway, it would not be premature to say it has failed. The German army will be weaker by many thousands by sunset today, for they have been fighting all day in the open while the French and British troops have scarcely anywhere left their prepared defenses.

A German official communique reports:

We took a total of 7,100 prisoners at Mount Kemmel and captured 55 guns and 233 machine-guns.

French Lines Heavily Shelled

Paris, April 30.—The official communique issued this afternoon reports: There has been a somewhat violent artillery duel north and south of the Avre, in the sector of Noyon and on the south bank of the Oise. Our patrols were active on the whole of this front and brought back prisoners.

Our fire repulsed detachments of the enemy on the right of the Meuse and in Upper Alsace without any results. We took some prisoners.

The official communique issued last evening reported:

There has been reciprocal artillery activity north and south of the Avre, in the region of Fiemont. A detachment of the enemy, which attempted to cross the Oise, east of Waresnes, was caught by our fire and dispersed.

Two enemy aeroplanes were brought down on the 27th and our machines dropped 6,000 kilograms of bombs on enemy establishments.

Hawkers' Riots

Close Up Shops

(Continued from Page 1)

day afternoon and the further action yesterday.

Dr. Parker, the director of Chinese studies, addressed hawkers who gathered at all the health sub-stations, explaining that the proposed increase would not take effect. The ring-leaders expressed satisfaction and many took out their licenses yesterday. One delegation visited Captain Superintendent of Police McEwen and expressed regret at Tuesday's rioting and stated that hawkers were not concerned in Tuesday's affair.

Pickets Force Stalls To Close

No more trouble was anticipated, but evidently the news of the eleventh hour action of the Council was not spread widespread, as pickets gathered at every market in the city early yesterday morning and intimidated keepers of stands and stalls so that they were promptly closed for the day. Dealers in fresh fish, bamboo shoots and fresh vegetables were met by crowds of hawkers early yesterday morning at the Chinese Bund and all the foodstuffs were seized and thrown into the river. The mob then swept into the Settlement and details were busy picketing at every market.

Release Of Prisoners Demanded

At Hongkong, where the shooting occurred, activity of pickets prompted three arrests. One hawker, after having been warned twice by a foreign officer, attempted to intimidate a third shop keeper and he was arrested. Ten minutes later a crowd of 300, marching to the police station in a body, demanded the release of the three men. Armed police were ready for the crowd and there was no trouble until a Sikh constable was hit over the head by a bamboo in the hands of one of the coolies. The Sikh fired, the crowd rushed and three more coolies were shot. The crowd then dispersed. Reserves were then sent to patrol the nearby streets and the American and Japanese companies, S.V.C., were called. In other parts of the city there was also trouble but there was no more shooting.

Crowds gathered at the health sub-stations at Markham Road, North Honan Road and Seward Road, but adequate police prevented damage.

Signs were posted at all markets notifying the hawkers that licenses could be obtained for the same old fee, but the trouble continued nevertheless. After noon a crowd of nearly 3,000 gathered at the open plot at Avenue Edward VII and Chekiang Road.

Demonstration At Central Station

At three o'clock the 3,000 made a demonstration at the Central Police

Station, Foochow Road, but Chief Inspector T. I. Vaughan, in charge of the station, admirably handled the situation. He asked for six representative leaders and they stepped out. He took them to the office and after a conference they left smiling and the crowd dispersed without a murmur. From the Central Police Station the mob surged up Foochow Road to Fokien Road and as the crowd came into sight, every shopkeeper hurriedly took down all awnings and signs and closed all shutters.

At Fokien Road hundreds joined the crowd and a Sikh sergeant sent to Louza station for reserves. A few minutes later Chief Inspector Kerrigan of the Louza station arrived and then the reserves. Inspector Kerrigan kept the crowd in hand with the help of two foreign officers until his reserves under Inspector Dee arrived.

Central station reserves were then called and Chief Inspector Vaughan and Drill Master Fairbairn were in charge of the detachment.

Later Chief Detective Armstrong, Capt. Barrett of the Sikh division and other officers arrived and there was no trouble. Police from the French station helped handle the crowd at Avenue Edward VII.

When the crowd had quieted down, Central and Louza reserves were sent back, but the former had barely reached the station when they were sent back to Nanjing Road, where another mob was closing up the shops.

At 6.30 o'clock last night Louza reserves were called to quiet a crowd at Peking Road bridge. The mob moved up Sinza Road.

Meanwhile every shop on Hankow Road, Foochow Road, Kluksang Road, Shansi Road, Fokien Road and many on Nanjing Road and Avenue Edward VII and other neighboring streets closed their doors.

S.V.C. Out All Night

At nine o'clock the Shanghai Volunteers were called out and were helping police patrol every section of the city through the night. The Light Horse platoon rode up and down Nanjing Road, while other units were at Police Stations and mobilization bases. The American and Japanese companies were on duty during the day and remained with the other companies throughout the night.

The Volunteers will end their tour of duty at eight this morning when they will be ready to handle any trouble at the markets of the Settlement. Police also will be ready for an emergency.

The police kept the situation well in hand yesterday and prompt action stemmed many threatening situations, particularly in the Louza and Central districts. Sinza reserves quelled disturbances at Avenue and Carter Roads and made three arrests. Retail business in this district was also at a standstill.

Four hawkers who appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday charged with taking part in the wrecking of the health offices at Fokien and North Thibet Roads on Tuesday were remanded until Friday. Another coolie, an aged man, was discharged. He was arrested by orders of the Captain Superintendent of Police for shouting and causing crowds to gather in the streets.

Extra police were on duty at the Mixed Court. Crowds gathered throughout the day but there were no disturbances.

German Gun Resumes Paris Bombardment

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Paris, April 30.—The long-range gun is again bombarding Paris.

Germans Mass Cavalry Northward Of Antwerp

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Amsterdam, April 29.—Strong detachments of German cavalry have been observed in the neighborhood of Eschen, north of Antwerp, according to the Roosendaal correspondent of the Maasbode.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation

15 Nanjing Road.

\$1 opens a Savings Account
\$50 opens a Checking Account

To illustrate vividly how "money makes money," the following table of ten cents a day saved is worth presenting:

End of	Interest at 4%
1st year.....	\$36.50 \$1.47
2nd ".....	74.47 3.00
3rd ".....	113.98 4.60
4th ".....	155.08 6.26
5th ".....	197.84 7.99
6th ".....	242.33 9.78
7th ".....	288.61 11.65
8th ".....	336.77 13.60
9th ".....	386.87 15.63
10th ".....	439.00 17.73
11th ".....	493.23 19.92
12th ".....	549.65 22.20
13th ".....	608.35 24.57
14th ".....	669.43 27.04
15th ".....	732.97 29.61
16th ".....	799.08 32.33
17th ".....	867.86 35.06
18th ".....	939.42 37.95
19th ".....	1,013.87 40.96
20th ".....	1,091.33

Every man, woman and child with an income of less than \$100 a month should have a savings account. Add a link each month to your chain of independence.

\$1 opens a Savings Account
\$50 opens a Checking Account

Berlin Inspires Report British Ready To Quit

London Brands Canard Story Transports Wait To Withdraw Army From France

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 29.—Swedish papers print a telegram emanating from Berlin stating that an entire fleet of British transports is waiting in the Channel to bring the British army home in case of need.

The Admiralty informs Reuter's Agency that this report is absolutely without foundation.

Body Of Engineer Of Kiangkwan Recovered

The body of Second Engineer D. Alexander, who was lost in the steamer Kiangkwan's sinking at Hankow last Thursday, was recovered some miles down the river from Hankow yesterday, according to a telegram received by the local offices of the China Merchant's Navigation Company.

Mr. Alexander was unmarried. He was a native of England.

SWINE AND SCUM, WROTE GERMAN OF PERSIANS

Documents Interchanged By Consuls Reveal Game Of Teuton Agents

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 27.—Most of the documents belonging to German agents lately discovered in Persia were letters written by Wustrow, the German Vice-Consul at Shiraz, to Wassmuss, a German Vice-Consul with a roving commission to stir up trouble against the British along the Persian Gulf.

In one letter Wustrow writes: "I always think of jellyfish when I look at these people."

In another: "What good to us is the silly jabber with which the leaders of the nation, who are below even the usual Persian level, stuff us up. This scum can only be tamed by force."

In a third letter he said: "How nice it would be to recoup our losses from the English property here, but the Persians did the work and I must avoid the impression that we wish to utilize their patriotic fervor for our ends."

Another extract reveals the game of the German officials. It reads:

"You offered me not one but two thousand toman—one thousand for

agitation purposes and the other thousand for a certain purpose."

A letter from Dr. Niesmayer calls the Persians incredibly gross swine and complains that after "we had doctored more than 6,000 Persian swine, as a doctor I have been kept nine months enmeshed by this scum of a people."

The Weather

Cloudy but generally fine. The maximum temperature yesterday was 72.1 and the minimum 47.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 77.9 and 59.

U.S. NAVY LEAGUE MEETING

Yesterday, being Dewey Day, the 30th anniversary of the B.A.'s at Manila Bay, the annual meeting of the Dewey (China) Section, Navy League of the United States, was to have been held. It was, however, owing to the Red Cross dinner at the Carlton, postponed until tomorrow afternoon at 3.15 o'clock in the rooms of the United States Court for China.

CHANDLER VALUE and SERVICE

The Chandler Six not only checks with high priced cars, but performs as well.

The Manufacturer of one Six can make just as big claims as any other.

The Chandler Six not only CLAIMS, but GIVES! CLAIMS sell a lot of cars, but FACTS sell more cars, just soon as the buyers learn of the VALUE and SERVICE which the Chandler Six gives.

The car is honestly built, and moderately priced.

The Chandler Six touring cars, which are used in our hire service, have all averaged 30,000 kilometers, actual mileage. Look at our speedometers.

The cost of mechanical upkeep is very small, and Chandler cars are seldom in our repair shop. Ask the man who owns one. The fuel consumption averages 15 miles to the gallon of gasoline. This economical performance has extended from the beginning of use to the present moment. The cars are equipped with 34 x 4 Fisk non-skid tires, which give an average of 5,000 miles service to a set. Our cars are in use day and night. Remember that the Chandler Six is a full sized seven passenger car.

THINK IT OVER.

The Star Garage Co.

Agents in China

for

THE CHANDLER SIX.

FISK TIRES



Well-Painted Buildings Are Easier to Rent and Sell

Attractiveness of interior and exterior painting is a big factor in closing every sale or rental deal. The well painted building seldom causes its owners a loss through vacancy. Well painted houses boost real estate values in any neighborhood.

So "painting for looks" pays the building owner in many ways. But the chief function of paint is to prevent wear. That is why it pays to use only paint of known quality, such as

Patton's Sun-Proof Paint

The best test for paints is—time. For more than a generation the Patton Paint products have been favorably known and widely tested. The best Sun-Proof asset is the army of paint buyers who will use nothing else.

You can depend on Sun-Proof as you can on no other paint. A job done with it is an investment yielding sure returns.

Let us talk it over with you.

Estimates Free of Charge on Application to

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

PAINT CONTRACTING DEPT.



YOUR PORTRAIT

Have it taken now while you are young and good-looking.

Burr's Broadway

AMERICAN FLYERS AND MARINES IN ACTION

One Company Of Marines Loses 140 Wounded Out Of 250

(American Wireless To Reuter's) San Diego, Calif., April 28.—It is estimated that there will 50,000 to 70,000 additional men for the U.S. army as the result of legislation which includes those who reached 21 since last June. The House of Representatives approves of the action of the Senate.

Despatches from London show that Americans were outnumbered 3 to 1 by the Germans who recently attacked in the Toul sector about Seicheprey which the Germans captured, but which the Americans promptly retook. American aviators are now credited with 40 victories during the past two months. The first report concerning American marines fighting somewhere in France states that they have had 239 casualties to date. In one company of 250 men 140 are wounded.

Boston.—The United States wool growers, in conference with the War Industries Board, have agreed to turn the nation's entire wool output to the Government at the prices of last July, suppressing speculation and unreasonable prices.

Batavia.—The Pan-South Sea Syndicate is about to erect in Medan or Batavia at a cost of \$80,000 a museum similar to the one already established at Singapore.

Batavia.—Dutch shipping companies are not willing to resume sailing to British harbors. Their refusal is not due to the fact that they think the Allied guarantees insufficient, but to the fact that the differences between the British and Indian Governments and the shipping companies are not yet settled.

Washington.—Secretary McAdoo has announced that the income and excess profits taxes would bring the Government about three billion dollars, which was more than the official forecast. The increase is due largely to the people's patriotic readiness to disclose taxable income, thus backing the war program. Mr. McAdoo says that the Government war expenditures amount to \$1,200,000,000 monthly, of which \$300,000,000 is loaned to the Allies. Edward Decilly, deputy French High Commission, returning from France said: "French officers after observing Americans in the trenches expressed a very high opinion of their fighting qualities."

R. F. C. Hospital Fund

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Howell (In Memory of Mrs. Bradshaw)	15.00
Previously acknowledged	2,208.75
	2,223.75
Tropical	95.00
Previously acknowledged	10,831.72
	\$10,926.72
Previously acknowledged	1,145.00
Transferred to R.F.C. London	\$3,094,610.00
Royal Flying Corps Hospital Fund, A. H. Hallam, Hon. Treasurer, Shanghai.	

HANKOW MAILS LOST

All mail matter posted at the local Chinese Post Office on April 22 for Hankow was lost by the sinking of the steamer Kiangkwan. It is announced by the Postal Commissioner. Normally all light mails from Shanghai to Hankow go by the all-rail route, but owing to the recent attack by highwaymen on a Lung-Hai train, traffic on the Suohow-Chengchow line had been suspended and has just reopened.

GERMANY MUST SUPPORT ENEMY ALIENS IN U. S.

State Department Announces Berlin Must Arrange Payments Through Neutrals

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Washington, April 30.—The State Department announces that Germany, through the Swiss and Swedish Legations, must pay to keep the enemy aliens interned in the United States and also their families.

A National Committee has been formed in order to raise subscriptions to assist law-abiding enemy aliens who have become objects of charity.

News Brevities

Mr. Kwan Chung, the senior Magistrate of the Mixed Court, will celebrate his fortieth birthday tomorrow. In recognition of his services the local Chinese merchants have arranged an elaborate program of entertainments and a feast at Mr. S. A. Hardoon's garden.

Lieutenant A. E. H. Parrott, the son of Dr. A. G. Parrott of Shanghai, has been slightly wounded and is now a prisoner of war in Germany, according to a cable received by Dr. Parrott.

The death in England of a very old and popular resident of Shanghai, Mr. Tom Pemberton, who had been associated with the firm of Messrs. Wheelock and Co. for 41 years, was learned here yesterday. Mr. Pemberton was 75 years old. He left this port eleven years ago. His death occurred March 18.

The annual meeting and social gathering of the Men's Total Abstinence League will be held in Union Church Hall at 8.45 p.m. May 14. There will be music and refreshments and a collection will be taken in aid of Allied Red Cross funds. All interested in the movement are invited to attend.

Ukrainian Deal Shows German Need Of Food

Must Seize Stocks To Keep Own People Fed, Says Paris Paper

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 29.—Le Temps, while bringing out the impossibility of the Ukraine to supply the Central Powers with the corn that country promised, shows that the latter are in a corner and are brought to take grave decisions. They must either decrease the bread-ration in Germany and Austria, or lay hands on the stocks in the Ukraine, which are absolutely necessary for the peasants to live. It is certain that the Central Powers will not hesitate to violate the treaty of Brest-Litovsk, action which can but confirm the opinion of the world concerning their inextricable food difficulties.

Le Temps wonders if this situation is not a further reason for hastening Japanese intervention which would encourage the Ukrainian peasants to resistance, render the task of the German staff more intricate and prevent the Austrians and Germans, sooner or later, starving the whole Russian people.

HELPS FLOOD RELIEF FUND

China Press Correspondence Chinkiang, April 30.—Contributions to the Chinkiang Flood Relief Fund have been made here as follows:

Foreign Contributions \$275	Ts. 70
Compradores	150
Native Churches	352.90

Total \$777.90 Ts. 70

The money has been forwarded and a letter of thanks received.

DEBATE IN COMMONS ON MAKE-UP OF AIR BOARD

Appeal Made To Reinstall Trenchard and Henderson Rejected By Premier

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 29.—During the debate on the Air Force estimates in the House of Commons today Lord Hugh Cecil made a strong appeal to the Government to reinstate Lieutenant-General Sir David Henderson and Major-General Sir Hugh Trenchard.

It was stated that Major-General Sir Hugh Trenchard was unwilling to receive advice from amateur strategists in the Cabinet.

Mr. Lloyd George replied that the suggestion that any member of the War Cabinet had given Sir Hugh Trenchard such advice was entirely groundless and most offensive.

The Premier added that the Cabinet asked General Smuts, whose tact, sagacity and knowledge of war nobody could doubt, to investigate whether Major-General Sir Hugh Trenchard's resignation should be accepted. General Smuts concluded that Sir Hugh Trenchard's special qualities were not being used to the best advantage in his position on the Air Staff. Sir Hugh Trenchard had rendered incalculable services to the air force but Sir William Weir did not doubt that Major-General Sykes was better adapted for Staff work than Sir Hugh Trenchard. The Premier had every hope that Sir Hugh Trenchard's services would be retained in a position of considerable power in the Air Force.

Mr. Lloyd George paid a high tribute to Lord Rothermere as Chief of the Air Force, which had emerged

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triumphantly from an unprecedented test. Mr. Asquith declared that it was nonsense to say that Major-General Sir Hugh Trenchard had no organizing power and it was very regrettable that no member of the War Cabinet communicated with Sir Hugh Trenchard during the fortnight in which his resignation was pending. Sir Edward Carson asked what

position Sir Hugh Trenchard would have. The Premier said that Sir William Weir asked the House not to press for a definition of the position at the present time. Major Baird, the Parliamentary Secretary to the Air Board, said that our air losses last month were practically the same as those in April, 1917, when a similar activity reigned for the supremacy of the air, while the number of German machines seen to crash were alone three and a half times over the number last April.

During the recent offensive our establishment of machines was never more than three short.

Your Doctor

will advise you not to drink unfiltered water.

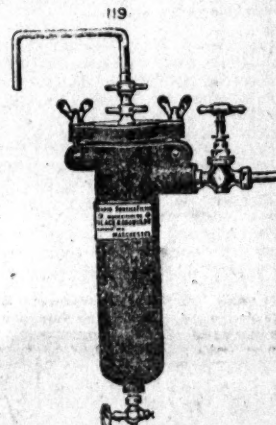
He will point out the danger attending the use of impure water, the probability of contracting disease as a result of carelessness in this regard. In all likelihood he will recommend a

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News and Views in the World of Books



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Wales.—Her origin, struggles, and later history, substitutions and manners. By Gilbert Stone, B.A. L.L.B., \$6.

A Farmer in Serbia. A description of Serbia and Serbian peoples, by Ellen Chivers Davies, \$3.

Wolf Lure, by Agner and Ezerton Castle \$2.25
Christine, by Alice Cholmondeley 2.50
The Dwelling Plan of Light, by Winston Churchill... 3.20
Eliza, by Harry Pain..... .80
Eliza's Son, by Harry Pain... .80
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Exit Eliza, by Harry Pain... .80
Sea Urchins, by W. W. Jaesho 1.50

The Fulfilment of a Dream, by A. Mildred Cable... \$3.00
Dr. Isabel Mitchell of Manchuria, by F. N. S. O'Neill 1.80

Motor Cycles, A Practical Handbook90

THE PAWNS COUNT

The Pawns Count. By E. Phillips Oppenheim. With frontispiece by P. Vaux Wilson. Boston: Little, Brown and Co. \$1.50 (gold).

The weak point in German intrigue is usually the schemer's failure to realize that the pawns count. Oscar Fischer, German-American, worked and planned and lied and stole to win the United States to Germany's cause—and incidentally to pick up certain valuable bits of information for his Fatherland. But the trouble with Fischer was that he left too many people out of his calculations. Pamela Van Teyl appeared at first to be merely a very beautiful American girl—Pamela herself told her friends that she valued her looks chiefly because they made people forget that she had brains; Oscar Fischer took a long time to find out that Pamela was a very brilliant young person, and that because she was brilliant she was a powerful force to be reckoned with. Indeed, throughout all his intrigue Fischer seemed curiously to forget the American people. It was because of that piece of negligence that he and his cause failed.

"The Pawns Count" is an exciting story of German intrigue in the United States during the first years of the war. It is concerned not so much with actual spying, or even with the destruction of munition plants—though the latter has to do with the story, too—as with the concerted effort to turn America, in thought and feeling and ultimate action, away from the Allies and definitely toward Germany. Oscar Fischer was an American citizen, rich, respected, popular, powerful. More than once he seemed as the point of accomplishing something. But he never quite succeeded. He was unscrupulous, and he had a certain kind of cleverness, but, again and again, with people he failed. And beautiful Pamela Van Teyl, quiet, careless-seeming John Lutchester, even Jimmy Van Teyl, Pamela's brother, whom he thought his tool—one unconsidered individual after another was able to thwart his schemes. Yet, we may add, they were not thwarted easily, or without peril. "The Pawns Count" is a real story of adventure.

As such it has the strength and the weaknesses of Mr. Oppenheim's work. Its strength is not that it is probable, but that it is interesting. Its weakness, generally, is that it is an artificial, "made-made" novel; readers will be able easily enough to pick holes in its texture when the book is read. But they will read it through first!

AUSTRIA'S WAR WEARINESS

Men in War. By Andreas Latzko. English translation by Adele Seltzer. New York: Boni and Liveright. \$1.50 (gold).

Andreas Latzko is an officer in the Austrian Army. Therein lies the significance of this book. For "Men in War" is a book of revolt against the war. It is the disgust of the aggressor, weary, sick, horrified by the long result of what his country has done. It is the outcry of the people, suffering, dying, maimed, ruined for the gluttony of their rulers' ambition. It is a book horrible, skillful, significant.

"Men in War" is cast in the form of a series of sketches, fictional in the manner of their presentation, burning in the realism of their actual substance. The soldier-author hates the war. He hates what it does to men's lives. He hates the smugness of the war's militarist masters—those Germans and Austrians who made the war against the peace and happiness of the peoples of the world. He hates the Teutonic cant of the "Fatherland." He is selfish, unpatriotic, not apparently cowardly for himself, but saturated with the war's physical suffering; his spirit is not admirable, but it is interesting. This Austrian officer is heartily sick of it all.

In this fiction form he presents many soldiers as heartily sick of it. Questioning the vague sense of injustice, complete revolt—these are the things that speak from the minds of the men in these sketches. The different divisions of the book are scarcely stories—they are the merest pictures, but drawn with the surest touch of a real artist. One sketch after another shows, in a different aspect, but always in poignant fashion, the same thing. There is hate in this book, but it is not hatred of the "enemy."

One of the stories—pictures—is of two officers, a Captain with a merciful heart and a vivid imagination, and a brutal young Lieutenant to whom war is the great and fine business of life. The Captain hates, in-

deed; but he does not hate the Italians against whom he orders his men to fire; he hates the Lieutenant; he hates the thing the Lieutenant represents. Here is the viewpoint of the Austrian Captain as it is presented by an Austrian:

"Captain Marschner was ashamed. A real physical nausea of the part he had just played overcame him. What was there left for these simple people to do, these bricklayers and contractors and cultivators of the earth who, bent over their daily toll, had lived without vision into the future—what was there left for them to do when the grand folks, the learned people, their own Captain with the three golden stars on his collar, assured them it was their duty and a most praiseworthy thing to shoot Italian bricklayers and farmhands into fragments? They went—gasping behind him—and he—led them on! Led them against his inner conviction, because of his pitiful cowardice, and asked them to be courageous and contemptuous of death. He had talked them into it, had abused their confidence, had made capital of their love for their wives and children, because if he acted in the service of a lie, there was a chance of his continuing to live and even coming back home safe again, while if he stuck to the truth he believed in there was the certainty of his being stood up against a wall and shot. He stalked their lives and his own on the throw of loaded dice because he was too cowardly to contemplate the certain loss of the game for himself alone!

"All alone, with no ear to hear, amid the fury of the bursting shrapnel which fell up there as thick as rain in a thunderstorm, Captain Marschner gave himself up to his rage, his impotent rage against a world which had inflicted such things on him. He cursed, roared out, his full throated hatred into the deaf tumult and then sprang up when, far below, almost in the valley now, his men emerged, followed by Lieutenant Weisler running behind them like a butcher's helper driving his oxen to the shambles."

Another story is of a mutilated soldier, his face blown away beyond his neighbors' recognition, who returns to his village to find his sweetheart not only forgetful of him, but bought like any piece of property by the rich owner of the munition works. He stabs the man exactly as he stabs the Russians against whom he has been fighting, but with a hatred that he never felt for Austria's enemies. Here, too, is scorn of "the Fatherland" and the "stilly prattling humbug" that all such talk appears to this Austrian's mind.

The bitterest satire of the book is contained in the sketch, "The Victor." The background is of a "headquarters town" back from the firing line, where lives the famous General, the victor of S. The town is charming, gay, prosperous, happy. It is where favored officers come to "have a good time." There is a hospital there, but the General does not allow the wounded to show themselves in public, for fear of damping the high spirits of the place and spoiling his own contentment with life. For contented he is, wondrously; his life is rich with luxury, with ease, with applause; all this the war has brought him. There are times when he thinks with a shudder that peace will come some day, and his splendors drop from him; but peace is not yet; safe many miles behind the trenches, he orders his men to fight, and thanks God that there still is war. It is a bitter attack throughout, not only upon one General's point of view and the military system as a whole that permits it, but upon favoritism in the army, hypocrisy, callous selfishness, autocracy—the by-products of the Teutonic military idea.

The final number in Andreas Latzko's program of revolt against the war purports to be extracts from the diary of an officer who is supposed to have become insane. It is a series of horrible ravings, all on the same key. "They call me sick," the man writes, and then—

"No! It is the others that are sick. They are sick who gloat over news of victories and see conquered miles of territory rise resplendent above mounds of corpses. They are sick who stretch a wall of flags between themselves and their humanity so as not to know what crimes are being committed against their brothers in the beyond that they call 'the front.' . . . All those are sick who can fail to hear the moaning, the gnashing of teeth, the howling, the crashing and bursting, the wailing and cursing and agonising in death, because the murmur of everyday affairs is around them or the blissful silence of night. It is the deaf and the blind who are sick, not I!"

"The Front!"

"Am I really the sick person be-

cause I cannot utter that word or write it down without my tongue growing coated from the intense hatred I feel?"

Bitterly, angrily, madly, he attacks the "Fatherland"—the Fatherland that fights, not for defense, but for conquest; the Fatherland whose simple folk are tricked and maimed, and murdered by the cant and the greed of their rulers, the Fatherland whose war, let loose upon the world, this Austrian hates.

"Men in War" is full of the horrors of battle, the sin of war. It

is written with a haunting poignancy. Yet the most conspicuous thing about it is not its mere "realism," but its spirit. In the mind of its Austrian soldier-author there is not the slightest glimmer of patriotism. Not for an instant does he believe any talk of "defense of the Fatherland" in this war. Not in the slightest degree does he share any hope for "the Fatherland's" glory if Austria-Hungary succeeds in aims of conquest. The "glory" of "the Fatherland" is nothing to him. He wants peace.

CO-OPERATION

Interesting evidence of co-operation between publisher and book-seller is D. Appleton and Co.'s advertisement of Sincere and Co.'s book department week in today's newspapers. D. Appleton and Co. is represented exclusively in China by the Chinese-American Publishing Co., 24 Canton Road, which has recently adopted the policy of advertising Appleton's 2,000 titles to and for the dealers in China. It is believed that this is the first instance in China of active, aggressive support of the dealer by a publisher.

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SPORTS



Latest News of Athletic World



GOSSIP

Chefoo School Sports

China Press Correspondence
Chefoo, April 24.—The annual athletic sports of the C. I. M. Boys' School are just over, and Bernard Rhodes has the proud distinction of holding for one year the magnificent Challenge Shield which was presented to the school by the "Old Boys." This is held for one year by the best athlete of the school and he earns this title by securing the highest number of points in the different competitive events. The winner this afternoon secured only one point more than his closest rival, coming in first in the Senior Hundred Yards Dash, the Senior 220 Yards, and the Senior 440 Yards. Rhodes is a splendid runner and he did the races in great style.

Unfortunately there was a terribly strong wind blowing from the South, which raised lots of dust and made watching rather unpleasant for the large number of spectators who assembled to witness the events.

One of the most popular items on the excellently drawn up program was the team race. This aroused intense interest although no points were awarded for it.

When the program was completed a move was made to the table upon which was the Challenge Shield. Here the principal announced the names of the winners and called them to receive the certificates upon which was the record of the races which they had won. On account of the war no prizes were given. Finally Mrs. Rickard handed the shield and the small replica of it, which the shield winner keeps, to Bernard Rhodes, who was immediately seized and carried round the field on the shoulders of his school chums. Cheers for all who had assisted in the work of the afternoon brought the event to a close.

Shanghai Revolver Club

April Competitions

The April competition of the Shanghai Revolver Club for the Experts' Medal and Bar closed Tuesday, Mr. L. Kadoorie winning the Bar and Mrs. J. E. Hargreaves the Medal, thereby gaining the right to compete in the coveted class in future competitions. The conditions of competition were five shots at 15 yards (left hand), five shots at 20 yards (either hand) and ten shots at 25 yards (either hand), the time limit for loading and firing the 20 shots being five minutes; targets with 2-inch inner and 4-inch outer bullseye used.

During May free instruction will be given in the use of revolver and 45 cal. automatic pistol to any Allies who are leaving Shanghai for the war. The Ladies' Championship, Allcomers' Championship and monthly competitions are postponed until Autumn.

Following are the scores of the above competition:

Experts Class:	Score.	Time.
L. Kadoorie	175	4:50
J. H. Farquharson	175	4:50
E. W. Godfrey	169	4:00
S. B. Stevenson	168	4:00

Marksmen's Class:
Mrs. J. E. Hargreaves... 156 4:50
J. C. Mantel... 163 4:10
W. Brand... 163 4:55
E. H. Gibson... 162 4:00
E. Molter... 160 4:50
A. R. Fullerton... 160 4:50
Miss M. Radcliffe... 156 4:40
Mrs. E. Molter... 154 4:40
T. G. Hulton... 153 4:00
R. Kaarsberg... 148 4:10
J. A. Rebenen... 147 3:00
Mrs. S. B. Stevenson... 141 4:20
H. E. Gibson... 120 4:00
H. P. S... 200

Experts medal.
Preliminary Competition:
(10 shots at 15 yards, 10 shots at 20 yards. Either hand. No time limit. 150 points for marksmen.)
Name... Score. Nationality.
A. Varnae... 175* Danish
A. B. Campbell... 157* British
* Marksmen's class in future competition.

Shanghai Yacht Club

The holding of the Conglomeration Race this Spring instead of in the Autumn, a greater number of Harbor Races and another Regatta at Woosung are among the features in this season's program for the Shanghai Yacht Club. It was announced at the annual meeting yesterday.

The meeting was held aboard the Foam, Commodore E. T. Byrne presiding, and was well attended. The Commodore, addressing the members, spoke of the satisfactory returns of \$1,534.56 during the past year and of the donations made to the Widows and Orphans' Fund—some \$821 since

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Spring Race Meeting Training

Racing Notes

Wednesday, May 1.

I can't say much in my notes this morning, for there was such a heavy fog when I arrived, which lasted up to 7 o'clock, that I really couldn't take any particular interest.

Of the Fields, I think "Leconfield" was the best, going easily and

well 11 miles in 2:53, last quarter 31.4. "Burning Daylight" looks poor, but did a good gallop the same distance, in 2:54.2, last quarter also 31.4. "Greysand" finish was awful, but his time on the sand track was the fastest for a mile—2:13.4 last quarter, 32.2 all out. "Colinton" went slow, so did "Nigger Minstrel." I liked "Gladia" for he went 11 miles on the same track in 3:30, last quarter 31.4

Pony.	Rider	1/4 mile	1/2 mile	3/4 mile	1 mile	1 1/4 miles	1 1/2 miles	2 miles	Last quarter
Post Boy	JH				2:20.1				(c)31.2
Minefield	HEM					2:55.4			(c)31.2
Castlewood	JIE	34			2:24.2	2:55.2			(c)31
Homefield	boy	38			2:33	3:04			31
Wakefield	boy								31
Pennyfield	HEM	36.2			2:31.3	3:04.8			(c)33
The Globe	AC	38.2			2:34.3	3:06.4			(c)32.1
Mush	JH				2:30				(c)31.3
Blacksand	boy			1:44.2	2:16				34.1
Spaghetti	ES	40.1		1:50.1	2:24.1				32.2
Greysand	FV	35.3		1:41.2	2:13.4				31.2
The Times	AC	39.4		1:50	2:21.2	(last mile of 1 1/4)			31.2
Triumph	boy	34.2	1:12.3	1:55	2:26	(whole time 3:06.4)			32.8
Oakfield	HEM	39.2		1:52.2	2:25	(last mile of 1 1/4)			(c)30.2
The Bullfinch	WH	36.4		1:44	2:14.2				(c)31.1
Leconfield	HEM	33.4	1:09.2	2:21.1	2:53				(c)31.1
Underwood	JIE	36		2:29.2	3:00.3				(c)31.1
Ravenfield	FE								32.2
Merrysand	FV	37.3		1:45.2	2:17.4				(c)35.2
The Swift	WH	34.1	1:08.4	2:17.3	2:53	(last 1 1/4 of 1 1/2)			(c)35.2
The Capar	HEA								31.4
Macathiel	ES			1:48.1	2:20				32
Roubie	CRB	35	1:12.3	2:24	2:56				32.2
The World	AC	36.2	1:41.1	2:26	2:59.2				32.4
Nigger Minstrel	boy	43.2		2:02.2	2:35.1				32.4
Spotted Sand	FV	40.2		1:55	2:30				32.4
Over There	CRB	38.3	1:13.2	1:52.2		3:04.3	3:37.2		32.4
Rocksand	MOS		1:03.2	1:36.2					32.3
Standard Dahlia	boy	40	1:19	1:58	2:32.1	3:03.4			(c)31.3
Buxted	RMD	36.2		1:42.2	2:15				32.3
Upwood Park	AC	37.2		1:51	2:31	3:02.2			31.2
Gas Bag	JIE	35.4	1:09		2:18.3	2:55			(c)35.2
Sanz Pear	JJ								33
Goldensand	boy			1:55.3	2:28.3				(last 1 1/4 of 1 1/2 whole time 3:32)
Yellowstone	JH	35			2:23	2:55			32.3
Kennebec	JH	35	1:11.3		2:21.1	2:53.4			31.4
Gladialor	CRB	38	1:12.4	1:48.4	2:48.2	2:58.1	3:30		31.1
Jomsborg	ER	37.4	1:16.4	1:52	2:23.1				(c)31.3
Gingkonut	WGC	38.2	1:20	1:57.3	2:32.2	3:04			30.4
Golden Oriole	WH	35.2	1:16.4	1:55	2:31.1	3:02			33
Barabbas	boy				2:19.2				33.3
Zomba	MOS	39	1:13.2	1:46.2	2:20				30.3
Daintysand	GC	37.3	1:15		2:27	2:57.3			(c)31.4
Burning Daylight	JJ	34.2	1:12.3	1:48.4	2:22.3	2:54.2			32.1
Azuma	boy	36.2	1:16.2	1:52.1	2:26	2:58.1			22.1
Fosferado	boy								31.4
Nights of Gladness	CRB	38.2	1:14.3	1:48	2:19.4	(last mile)			32.3
Possum	CRB	35	1:13.4		2:27.2	3:00			32
Grasshopper	CRB	35.4	1:10.3	1:45.1	2:17.1				(c)31.4
Volesty	ER	38.2	1:14.4	1:51.2	2:24.2	(last mile)			32.4
Medina	RMD	38.2	1:04.4	1:38					32.1
Fattleplane	JJ	38.2	1:13.3	1:47.2	2:19.1				32.1
Colinton	E Rose	37.1			2:24.3	2:57.2			(c)31.4
Revenge	boy	39	1:14.2	1:48	2:20.1				32.1
Golden Horn	WGC					2:56			(c)31.4
Poppy	boy								(c)31.4
Artisan	boy								(c)31.4
Golden Myth	boy					2:22	2:54		(c)31.4

C=cingers. All the others on the sand.

1916. The Club is progressing from the peak of depression caused by the war, he said, and it is hoped that this year's regatta at Woosung will be favored with better weather and secure more funds for the Widows and Orphans than last year's meet. The matter of leasing the Woosung Forts hotel as a Club house, Commodore Byrne said, was held to be impracticable with the present funds and membership. Prospects for the coming season are bright, with boats much more advanced in their annual overhauling than usual. Holding the Conglomeration Race this Spring, he said, would give more competitors a chance to enter and the weather would probably be more favorable than in the Fall. The popularity of the Harbor Races warranted a great many more being held this year, he said, and they would probably be held from June 1 to the end of the season and there would probably be two or three competing sections and several series of races.

The Commodore announced with regret that Mr. A. J. Stewart, the Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, was resigning and Mr. H. W. Welman and Mr. F. Plack were nominated and elected to divide the post as Secretary and

Treasurer respectively. Mr. Byrne was re-elected Commodore and other officers and committeemen were also re-elected, with the exception of Mr. Stewart and Mr. E. de Jonge, who have resigned. They are Mr. T. Mellows, Vice-Commander; Mr. J. Neil, Rear-Commodore, and Messrs. F. B. Walker, C. E. Hall and A. C. Blechynden.

Shanghai Harriers' Club

Practice cross-country runs will be inaugurated a week from next Thursday by the Shanghai Harriers' Club. It was decided at a meeting held yesterday. The meeting was held in the offices of Mr. F. W. White, vice-president of the Club, at 18B Kiangse Road and a good attendance was present to pass the new bye-laws and discuss matters pertaining to the organization. The suggestion to start some distance running immediately was made by Mr. H. D. Rodger who proposed that a series of Club runs

of a mild character be arranged to enable runners to work into form for the hard work of the later season. It was decided to stage the first run on May 3 and to follow it with others on the three succeeding Thursdays. The going will be easy so as not to too greatly fatigue anyone but on the last of the four there will be a run-in from a distance to be decided later. The

start will be from the Hongkong Park Pavilion and everyone interested, whether a member of the Club or not, is invited to participate. Thursday evening was selected for the runs because Saturday afternoons are becoming a bit too warm for distance work.

The Club Committee, already famous for its international make-up, added a new national yesterday in Mr. E. Mazzi, who was formerly a well known cross-country runner in Italy, and whose experience and interest will be valuable assets to the organization. Several more new members also were reported. The Club has selected its uniform which will be white jerseys with monogram and black knickers.

S. R. A. Annual Shoot

Entries for the annual rifle meeting of the S.R.A. closed on Wednesday, May 1, at 5 p.m. when 111 members entered, made up as follows:—"A" Co., British, 25; American Co., 23; "B" Company, British, 1; First Reserves, 15; Japanese Co., 16; Shanghai Scottish, 6; Machine Gun Co., 2; Portuguese Co., 6; Artillery, 1; Engineers, 1; Customs, 1; Chinese Co., 2; Italian Co., 2; Maritime Co., 2; S.M. Police, 1; Swiss Rifle Club, 1; Medical Staff, 1; Staff, 1; Second Reserves, 3; and Light Horse, 1.

Competitors are asked to note that the time-table printed in the program gives only the probable days and hours of shooting, targets, etc., and that the notices published daily on the range are alone reliable.

Competitors must therefore refer to the daily notices, both morning and afternoon, before commencing to shoot, so as to ascertain whether any orders have been issued which alter or affect the original details.

When at the firing point competitors must comply with all orders given by the range officer who will be the Secretary or a member of the Executive Committee.

First and second squads are requested to be at the firing point at 6.15 and 6.30 a.m. sharp, and the third squad at 6.45.

Owing to limited time there will be no squadding list issued to the competitors, but a copy will be published at the range and in THE CHINA PRESS of Friday. Adjustment, coloring of sights, or other alteration to the rifle must be done before proceeding to the firing point.

Strict silence is enjoined at the firing point.

The meeting will take place under the supervision of Mr. A. M. Collaco, the secretary. Boy Scouts under Scoutmasters Hare and Macdonald will also assist in marking the scores, etc.

Gymkhana Entries to Close

Athletes are reminded that entries for the 100 yards Shanghai Championship and 440 yards Shanghai Championship, to be run off at the Sikh Sports and Police Gymkhana on May 11, will close at 6 p.m. tomorrow. All entries should be addressed to the Hon. Secretary, Gordon Road Police Station.

SPRING TIME

IS

LUX TIME

OVERSEAS CLUB

The attention of Members is kindly directed to the Special Performance, to be given under our President's patronage, by HARMSTON'S CIRCUS upon Monday, May 6th. Members will oblige by keeping the date in mind and by attending, and bringing their friends with them. Mr. Harmston is giving us most generous terms, and it is hoped that a considerable sum will be secured for the R.F.C. Convalescent Home.

For the Committee,

HAROLD BROWETT,

May 2nd, 1918.

Vice-President.

(This space kindly loaned by Andrews and George.)

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WEATHER

Very cloudy but rather fine weather
with moderate northerly breezes
North of the 30th parallel. Over-
cast or rainy weather in the South.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MAY 2, 1918

Where Will The War Be Decided?

THERE is a general and widespread assumption, both in military and lay circles, that the decisive action which will terminate the present struggle will take place on the Western Front. Although this widely entertained theory would seem to be based on sound premises, and indeed is strengthened by the intensity and violence of the fighting that has been in progress since March 21, there are other factors in the situation that must not be overlooked. The war may, and probably will, be decided on land, but it is at the same time not outside the bounds of possibility that the decisive phase of the struggle may be enacted at sea.

The statement made in the House of Commons by Sir Eric Geddes, the First Lord of the Admiralty, supplementary to the official communication regarding the raid on Ostend and Zeebrugge, suggests certain reflections on the possibilities of the final outcome of the war. Following the recent sweeps into the Caltegat and Heligoland Bight, the raid which has just been carried out on the German submarine base under the command of Vice-Admiral Roger Keyes, commanding the Dover Patrol, is assumed to foreshadow a continued liveliness at sea, which will no doubt tax the resources of the German Admiralty. Since the Battle of Jutland there has been no naval action of any magnitude. The raid on Ostend and Zeebrugge may be the forerunner of greater activity at sea. The German Admiralty will either be obliged to take up the challenge or by a continuance of inaction tacitly confess that the capital ships of the German Navy comprise an expensive ornament that is zealously to be safeguarded from the slightest scratch or damage.

In view of the virtually valueless character of the British vessels used for the carrying out of the raid—valueless, that is, from the standpoint of modern naval requirements—the measure of damage inflicted appears to be by no means insignificant. Admiral Keyes's transaction was undoubtedly well worth the hazard, judging from the results secured. Of the six obsolete cruisers that participated, ranging in age from 20 to 30 years—types of ships that in the present naval age are fit more or less only for the scrap-heap—five were fitted with concrete and were intended to be sunk in the channel and entrance to Zeebrugge and Ostend, and two of them appear to have practically carried out the object of the raid that was made.

It is quite conceivable that in the event of the war developing the final analysis into a contest for the supremacy of the seas, a big naval action between the sea forces of Great Britain and Germany may produce the same decisive effect on the destinies of the principal belligerents as that which resulted from Nelson's victory. Although Germany is exerting every ounce of strength to force a military decision on the Western Front, she cannot wrest victory from the Allies there. And she is being made to pay heavily for the effort.

The disparity between the strategic value of the terrain secured and the measure of loss sustained in terms of human life is so great that commonsense as well as all the known rules of war ought to make it clear that mere territorial acquisition is a misleading barometer of Germany's ultimate destiny. The Allies have given conclusive testimony that they mean to make a stand on the Western Front, and in the nature of things, the Germans in that region are bound to call a halt sooner or later. The process of attrition is going on steadily, and already the German offensive is stamped with the mark of failure in that the main object of the enemy has not been attained.

The present spectacular offensive gives every indication of coming to naught by the utter exhaustion of the German army. In such an eventuality, Germany must either sue for peace terms or she must be prepared to try conclusions with the Allied naval might, a hopeless enterprise. What the Kaiser and the Prussian military caste are now doing amounts to nothing less than trifling with the destinies of the German people, and the tragedy of it is that the German people do not realise it yet. They will have a heavy bill to pay for their ignorance.

Rockefeller Foundation's First Report For 1918

Dr. Vincent Makes Public The Advance Sheets And Describes War Work, As Well As Continued Activities In Health Building Throughout The World

The work of the Rockefeller Foundation in 1918 has two objects: First, to help win the war; second, to make the world a better place to live in after the war.

Dr. George E. Vincent, who resigned from the Presidency of the University of Minnesota in 1916 to become President of the Foundation, outlined a few days ago the plans for the current year and the progress of the special activities recently begun. He lent to the writer of this article the advance sheets of the Foundation's forthcoming report, making public for the first time the details of this year's activities. For the relief of present suffering the organization has turned over \$5,000,000 to the Red Cross.

"The aim of the Foundation has always been to work for the welfare of mankind throughout the world," said Dr. Vincent. "That general statement covers the purpose of all its work. But it is an obvious truth now that the welfare of mankind throughout the world depends upon the victory of the forces of freedom in this war. It follows, naturally, that the Foundation must devote far the greater part of the money it has available for war work. This is being done in different ways by appropriation to relief and other agencies, and by activities directed or taken part in by the Foundation itself.

"The entrance of the United States into the war has made a marked difference in the arrangement, so to speak, of the Foundation's war work. Prior to that time, it will be remembered, we had a War Relief Commission in Europe. When the United States entered the war the Foundation decided to withdraw this commission, and to put a large sum of money at the disposal of the Red Cross instead. This was in line with a policy of consolidation which was followed, because the Trustees felt that it was unwise to multiply independent agencies of relief which, in practice, would often overlap. The need is for unified, well-organized work, and the Trustees felt that the best thing the Foundation could do for the relief of suffering in the war was to turn over funds for such relief to the Red Cross. That was an outright gift, and if you follow the money of the Rockefeller Foundation you will find it in Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., and other activities in which the Foundation is not directing the spending of it at all.

"The only so-called war work which the Foundation is superintending in Europe is the anti-tuberculosis campaign in France. This is being carried on by the Foundation's International Health Board, working with the French authorities; at the same time it is closely related to the relief and health activities of the American Red Cross. But," Dr. Vincent added, "we do not call that specifically war work. That is a part of our public health work, and, as a matter of fact, it is supported, not by our definite war allotments, but by our public health funds.

"As a special European war work, however, I might mention the care of 500 Belgian children in Switzerland. That was begun by the Foundation in 1915. After the United States entered the war negotiations were begun with the Red Cross with a view to its assuming responsibility for these children. In the future their care will be under the auspices of the Red Cross, but in any case the expenses of their maintenance will be paid by the Foundation in the future as in the past.

"In this country our chief work is in medical research and in the recreation activities of the training camps. We are of course co-operating with the agencies organized already. In the case of the training camps the Foundation has already made large gifts to the various associations doing that kind of work. That work is one in which the Foundation is greatly interested.

"In the matter of medical research the situation is somewhat different. We have placed funds in the hands of the Medical Division of the Council of National Defense, but we have also established, in co-operation with the Rockefeller Institute, a War Demonstration Hospital on the Institute's grounds, and are aiding the Institute's work in the discovery of serums, the perfecting of war surgery, and the study of 'shell shock,' and all the mental and nervous weaknesses that have to do with the war.

"These are war activities which we began in 1917, and to which we have allotted funds for 1918. Carrying out the plans connected with these phases of war work forms the greater part of our war program through the present year. That is," he added, "as we see it now. Of course, one cannot make any iron-bound 'war program' and simply stick to it. Conditions and needs may change, and in that case, our work must change with them."

The two outstanding war activities in the direction of which the Foundation itself co-operates are the War Demonstration Hospital here and all the allied work of medical research, and the anti-tuberculosis campaign in France. It was early decided to organize a small hospital service for treatment of infected wounds by the methods worked out by Dr. Carrel and Dr. Dakin, in order to demonstrate

Rockefeller Foundation's Worldwide Work

War Relief—Belgium, Northern France, Switzerland, Serbia, Poland, Armenia.
Tuberculosis Work—France. Medical Research—U. S. Camp Community Work—United States and allied armies.
Hookworm Work—United States, Porto Rico and smaller islands of the West Indies, Central America, Brazil, Egypt, China, Ceylon, the Seychelles, Siam, Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, New Guinea, Java, Queensland, the Philippines.
Malaria Work—United States. Yellow Fever Work—Venezuela.
Public Health Education—United States, Brazil.
Medical Schools Supported—China, North and South.
Medical Schools Aided—United States, China.
Hospitals Aided—Throughout China.
Protection of Bird Life—United States.

to American surgeons, about to serve abroad, the technique of the methods. It then proved advisable to combine with the facts of demonstration the conditions of war service in just so far as that was possible here. At the same time, the feasibility of a unit portable military hospital, designed by Charles Butler after study of military hospitals in France and England, would be tested out.

The hospital admits male patients over 16 years of age, giving preference, of course, to certain kinds of wounds, ulcers, compound fractures, etc., wherein demonstration is most practicable. In the notice to physicians regarding the admission of patients the purposes of the hospital are stated as, "first, to treat patients suffering from infected lesions and wounds by methods which have lately been developed in European army hospitals, especially the methods developed by Carrel and Dakin in the Military Hospital at Compiègne, France; and, second, to demonstrate these methods in a practical way to American surgeons."

Next Fall the Foundation will publish the report of its work in 1917, and partially of its 1918 appropriation to its various activities throughout the world. The advance sheets show the work being done by the Foundation in research for the war, including the Demonstration Hospital, the study of nervous disorders, and the work with serums. The report will contain, after stating the fact to the hospital's establishment, the following summary: This hospital is completely equipped with operating room, laboratories, kitchen and laundry. It is built in sections and can be taken down and moved on motor trucks to any site. It embodies the features which French and British experience have proved to be essential in a base hospital. In this group of buildings the Carrel-Dakin method of sterilizing wounds by periodic irrigation with a germ-destroying fluid is being demonstrated.

To the War Hospital, to the Institute Laboratories, and to the Institute Hospital, medical officers of the army and navy are being officially sent for study and experience. These men fall into three groups: one which devotes itself to war surgery, a second which studies bacteriology in the laboratories, and a third which is instructed in the diagnosis and treatment of pneumonia in the hospital of the Institute. The work is practical, in that it calls for actual work with their own hands by the officers in attendance upon the courses. . . . During 1917, 232 medical officers of the army and navy attended classes at the hospital and in the Institute.

The preparation of serums by the Institute and the distribution of these to the Government hospitals have constituted another Foundation supported contribution to the war. During 1917 nearly 3,000 doses of serums were distributed. By far the largest amount was for combating meningitis. Next came the serum which has given excellent results with one of the four types of pneumonia. A small quantity of anti-dysentery serum was also sent out. Arrangements have been made for greatly increasing the output of these serums, which are prepared with the utmost care, and are eagerly sought, not only by the United States medical authorities, but by those of our allies as well.

In the matter of tuberculosis in France Dr. Vincent warns the public against an initial misconception.

"Don't get the idea that the anti-tuberculosis work in France is a desperate war emergency," he said. "The impression in the minds of many people here at home exaggerates the evil of conditions there. Tuberculosis in France is bad, but the situation is not desperate. It is not true, for example, that the repatriated French people coming home from Switzerland by way of Evian are generally afflicted with tuberculosis; very few such cases have been found. And in many country districts in France there is no more tuberculosis than there is in similar districts here."

"What is bad about the tuberculosis situation in France is the spread of the disease in the cities, especially Paris and Lyons. Of

course tuberculosis is a serious infectious disease, and where there is overcrowding it spreads.

"The purpose of the Foundation always is," he went on, "to show that certain things can be done successfully, to show how they can be done successfully, and then, as soon as it is practicable, to turn them over to the community. This is as true of the anti-tuberculosis work in France as of anything else."

Of this work the report says: The Nineteenth Arrondissement in Paris and the Department of Eure-et-Loire have been selected as fairly typical of urban and provincial conditions. In each of these areas a complete dispensary system is being established with modern equipment and a trained staff.

The educational campaign includes newspaper articles, posters, pamphlets, material for use in the schools, illustrated postcards, motion picture films, stereopticon slides, and travelling exhibits.

The commission has also established in connection with four dispensaries nurses' training courses, which are being attended by seventy persons. It is hoped that convincing demonstrations of dispensary and other methods will help the French Government gradually to establish a national and local system for the control and ultimate extinction of the white plague.

Of its contributions to camp community work, the Foundation's report will offer the following summary:

The Government has from the outset insisted that the training camps—especially those of the national (draft) army—are not to be thought of as necessary evils to be mitigated, but as positive educational institutions of immense potential value. Whereas in the past the worst elements of communities have been mobilized to exploit and to debauch the soldier and sailor, today the best forces are combining to protect and benefit them.

To nearly all of the units that make up this vast co-operation the Rockefeller Foundation has given sums which aggregate \$4,500,000, about 7 percent of the total budget for the entire undertaking. The following table enumerates the different organizations, together with the war budget of each and the amount appropriated to it by the Foundation.

Budgets of the several organizations for period in general from July 1, 1917, to June 30, 1918, and amounts contributed to these budgets by the Foundation:

Organization	Total Budget, by R. F.	Contributed by R. F.
Y. M. C. A.	\$50,000,000	\$3,500,000
Y. W. C. A.	5,000,000	650,000
Jewish Camp	1,000,000	100,000
Knights of Columbus	4,000,000	100,000
Camp Community Fund (Recreation Association)	4,000,000	220,000
Training Camps Commission	150,000	75,000
Special work with Commission of American Hygiene Association, &c.	1153,000	125,000
American Library Association	1,750,000	2
Total	\$66,053,000	\$4,770,000

*Not including \$750,000 appropriation from Congress.

†This does not include services of men in many cases contributed to this work by societies with which they are connected.

‡To the American Library Association the Rockefeller Foundation made an advance, which has been repaid, of \$25,000 for the expenses of the campaign for funds.

It may come as a surprise to the public that the Rockefeller Foundation is only meeting the extra burden of war work by—to use Dr. Vincent's phrase—living beyond its income. Most people think of the Rockefeller Foundation as having so much money that it can do almost anything. A great deal of money it has, of course; but in the face of the tremendous needs of the time, its income is relatively not large. Last year the Foundation spent some of its principal. This year it is facing the same necessity. An interesting comparison is contained in the Foundation's brief statement that its entire income would support the work of the American Red Cross for just seventeen days, while the gift of its total principal would maintain the activities of the American Red Cross, at its present rate of expenditure, for less than ten months. The report explains in detail:

While it is true that the Foundation's income could not pay any appreciable share of society's bill for administration and charity, it is also a fact that for purposes of experiment, of demonstration, and of fostering comprehensive projects, the institution has substantial resources. On December 1, 1917, the principal fund of the Foundation had a book value of \$120,776,000 and a market value of \$104,000,000. The income of this fund for the year 1917 was \$7,152,852. To this was added a balance carried over from 1916, a gift by John D. Rockefeller of \$5,500,000, and the sum of \$5,000,000 taken by vote of the Trustees from the principal fund. The founder's relinquishment in July of the right he had reserved

in his deed of gift to control the annual expenditure of \$2,000,000 of income for purposes consistent with the charter, did not add to the total income of the Foundation. It did, however, increase by more than \$900,000 the sum at the complete disposal of the board in 1917. In 1918 the entire income will be available for unrestricted use.

The following statement of receipts, disbursements, and obligations in 1917 presents in summary form the Foundation's current resources and the different purposes to which these are being devoted. In order to understand this budget one must distinguish between "appropriations" and "disbursements." For example, in May, 1917, the Foundation appropriated \$5,000,000 to the American Red Cross and agreed to pay this sum in ten monthly installments of \$500,000 each. Seven such payments, a total of \$3,500,000, were included in the disbursements of 1917; the remaining \$1,500,000 appears in the budget of 1918.

Receipts From Income
Balance Jan. 1, 1917 . . . \$5,407,282
Income collected during the year . . . 7,152,852

Total . . . \$12,560,134

Extraordinary Receipts
Portion of principal fund made available for appropriation . . . \$5,000,000
Gift of John D. Rockefeller . . . 5,500,000
Portion of estate of Laura S. Rockefeller Fund made available for appropriation . . . 25,000

Total . . . \$10,525,000

Disbursements

War work . . . \$5,944,969
International Health Board . . . 557,829
China Medical Board . . . 501,422
Rockefeller Institute . . . 3,127,914
Founder's designations . . . 942,251

Miscellaneous:
After-care of infantile paralysis cases, mental hygiene, School of Hygiene and Public Health . . . 277,035
Miscellaneous . . . 105,666
Administration . . . 11,457,686

Total . . . \$23,086,134

Balance carried forward available for appropriation . . . 1,271,338

Total . . . \$24,357,522

Payments to be made on appropriations and pledges for 1917 and prior years . . . \$4,133,973

Payments on appropriations and pledges for 1918 . . . 6,223,737

Total . . . \$10,357,710

Balance carried forward available for appropriation . . . 1,271,338

Total . . . \$11,629,048

Total . . . \$23,086,134

"The Foundation's funds must be concentrated upon a few convincing demonstrations and statesmanlike programs, else it will not justify its existence," said Dr. Vincent. "To scatter our funds over a number of relief agencies would not have much effect. It might even replace, instead of adding to, other gifts. Our work must follow a different line."

"Many people think of the Trustees of the Rockefeller Foundation as being a group of amiable philanthropic gentlemen who do not pay much attention to the concrete details of the Foundation's work. That is quite the opposite of the truth. Before every meeting each Trustee receives a complete docket of the matters in hand. Each Trustee goes over those in detail, and they are all discussed at the meetings. Our expenditures must be carefully made and our activities carefully chosen.

"It is obvious," Dr. Vincent went on, "that a private Foundation cannot undertake the activities or responsibilities which belong to Government. On the other hand, we will never consent to use a cent of the Foundation's money in any way that would influence public opinion. The public would rightly resent the use of invested funds in any way that would influence political opinion or action on political, economic, or social questions. We are often asked for contributions which would come under that head, and we refuse them all."

The Foundation continues its support of the program of the National Committee on Mental Hygiene in making surveys of methods of public care for the insane and the feeble-minded, and in carrying out demonstration studies of abnormalities in a given community and of the mental characteristics of criminals. It is contributing to the after-care of victims of infantile paralysis. During 1917 ready progress has been made by the Foundation's International Health Board in its campaign in many parts of the world against hookworm, malaria, and yellow fever, and in the general promotion of public health work. The hookworm work was extended to three Brazilian States, Siam, the Fiji Islands, Seychelles Islands, and to Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia and Maryland. Late in the year the board began, in the Pinghsiang Colliery in Kiangsi Province, China, its first attempt to deal with hookworm control in mines. The board was at work in 1917 in thirty-seven areas, which included twenty-five foreign countries and twelve American States. The reports of the Foundation show a gratifying increase in co-operation, both legislative and financial, by foreign Governments. And in all its work the International Health Board aims to "fix attention upon problems of public health."

The health work in the Philippine Islands has been extended recently by the floating in active service of the hospital ship Busuanga, on

November 12, 1917. The Foundation fitted out the vessel and will contribute to its maintenance for five years; at the end of that time the expenses are to be assumed by the Philippine authorities.

One of the most important announcements of the Foundation for 1918 is of the expected opening in September of the School of Hygiene and Public Health, at Johns Hopkins University, the cost of establishing

and maintaining which is being borne by the Foundation. Dr. William J. Welch, formerly of the Johns Hopkins Medical School, will be the director.

"We are at war, and we must win the war," said Dr. Vincent, "but I think it means much that there should be, in the midst of war, this great international agency quietly at work, not to tear down, but to build up."

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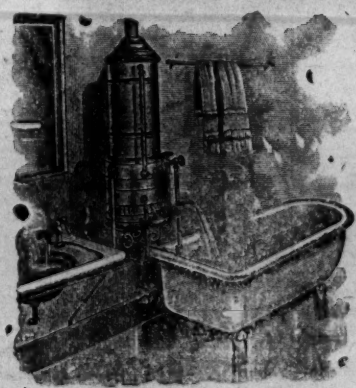
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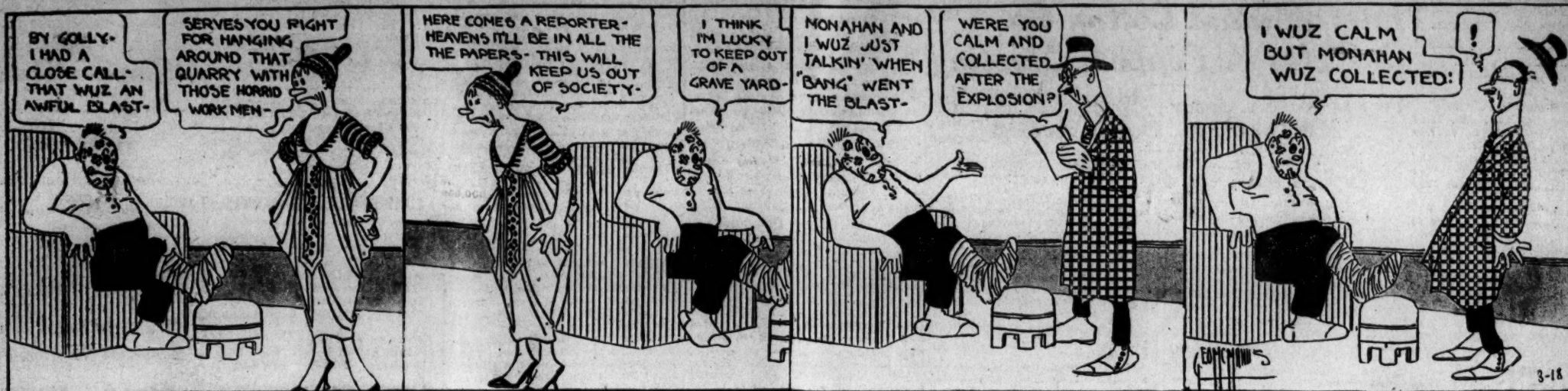
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Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



World Notes And Comments

It is becoming more and more difficult, in the United States, to get or keep really competent women teachers for the public schools. The reason is not hard to find. The attractive opportunities open to women in other lines of work have been multiplied. Other employments than teaching offer far quicker advancement and better pay. Teaching might be, and often is, preferable as a vocation to many women who, however, cannot afford to follow it because of the small compensation. The public is likely, one of these days, to be rudely awakened to the fact that its schools are not being held up to the required standard, and that its children are being only half taught, because of the parsimony shown toward the teaching profession. If the public wants competent teachers it will have to go into the labor market and bid for them.

Whenever possible, British battalions recruited among Jews have been sent to Palestine, in order that they might play a part in the winning of that

country for their race. One British battalion, recruited in the United States, is understood to be on its way to the East. The men were not full-fledged American citizens, and were thus beyond the reach of the draft. As, however, the United States is not officially at war with Turkey, a curious situation has been created. It is quite within the bounds of possibility that the Sublime Porte will make demand in injured tones, at Washington, for an explanation why the United States should permit soldiers to be recruited on her soil to fight against a "friendly" country.

Really, there are times when German foresight and kindly consideration for the feelings of others pass much human understanding. Witness, for instance, the famous "Nach Paris" telegram, just published by the Matin. This message was sent by the German General Staff to the American Ambassador in Paris in September, 1914. The staff called it a "recommendation," and it was nothing less than a polite intimation to all and

sundry Americans that they had better clear out of Paris. For in a very short time, the Germans were going to be in Paris, and, well—it wouldn't do to have any squeamish people about. Like so many German promises, this one was, happily, destined to be broken; but there is not the slightest doubt that the reason for the telegram was the reluctance of the Germans to have American eyewitnesses of their ruthless spoliation, once they entered Paris.

Reminiscences of Charles Dickens are always welcome, and the glimpse which Sir Frederick Bridge has recently given of the genial country lover on the road he thought the most

beautiful in England is particularly happy. Living in Rochester in his boyhood, Frederick Bridge used to walk to a village church, four and a half miles away, to play the organ on a Sunday. It was before the days of bicycles, and he trudged all the way there and back, passing Gadshill, the house Dickens then owned and had loved since he first saw it as "a queer small boy." "I knew the house with its two cedars," says Sir Frederick. "More often than not I met Dickens—walking always in the middle of the road—with his big dog. I knew who he was—I had heard him read." For association with famous pedestrians Gadshill is surely the richest spot in England.

the volume of boiling water shot much higher. Professor Omori, from Tokio Imperial University, has visited Atmami to investigate the phenomenon.

From Harbin it is learnt that the express train service from Vladivostok, via the Amur Railway to Russia, which has hitherto been suspended owing to the unsafety of travel, will be resumed on the 28th inst., on which date an express train is to be sent out from Vladivostok. The train will have no dining accommodation or electric light.

Anyhow no foreigners can be expected to travel on the trans-Siberian route until matters have settled down in Siberia and Russia. At present no life is safe from the Bolsheviks.

All Over The Far East

Advice To Japanese Journalists

Mr. Tang Hua-lung was entertained in Tokyo by the Chairman of the Kwantung Agency, Mr. Koyama, who also invited members of the leading papers in Tokyo to the banquet and introduced them to China's ex-Minister of the Interior. Among those present were representatives of the Chokai Seibun, the Taiyo, the Seijitu, the Seikun, the Mainichi Simbun and others. The ex-Minister of the Interior, in the course of a lengthy speech, said: "In writing comments or publishing reports a journalist should first examine the facts. Whenever a question arises in a country there are many complications which her own nationals are sometimes unable to see and it is naturally more difficult for a foreigner to find out the real facts. I remember the year before last when I returned to my native home to attend my parents' funeral and lived in retirement for one month. I happened to read some Chinese papers and found various misleading reports about my movements. Later these baseless reports were reproduced by the Japanese newspapers. Again, in the same year when the Tachuns were forcing a coup d'état I was living in Tientsin. At that time a certain news agency sent out a telegram saying that I was then at Pongpu. This report was really too mischievous; a friend of mine having read that report in the papers thought I was at Pongpu and sent a telegram to me to the latter place which was transmitted to me at Tientsin after three days by post. If so much mischief could be done to a private person, what effect would baseless reports produce on state affairs you can easily imagine." In conclusion, Mr. Tang said he felt that he was more outspoken than discreet in offering them that piece of advice, but it was purely out of love and respect for them that he was led to do so.

Miscellaneous

There have been great doings at Tientsin in connection with the British Red Cross Fete. The Tientsin Tank went on a cruise and made its appearance opposite the Imperial Hotel in the Rue de France after tiffin. The appearance of a barrel organ in the Victoria Road was a somewhat unusual sight for Tientsin.

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Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Monday.

The I.-C. s.s. Wosung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin, via Weihaiwei and Chefoo, for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Kingsing left Tientsin, via Weihaiwei and Chefoo, for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Heintah left Tientsin, via Weihaiwei and Chefoo, for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Upou left Chingtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Nippon: Misses Wells and Cogdall.

Per C.N. s.s. Tungchow from Tientsin, etc.: Mr. Platt, Mr. Schneider, Mr. and Mrs. Newman, Capt. Box, Cronk, Doyle and Shepherd.

Per I.-C. s.s. Kutwo from Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Haworth and child, Messrs. L. M. Corlman and Waterson. From Tungchow: Mr. H. Drake.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru from Japan: Mr. and Mrs. S. Toriyama and 3 children, Mrs. S. Yamada.

Mrs. C. Kinoshita, Mrs. H. Sato, Mr. G. and Mrs. Kiso, and 3 children, Mr. and Mrs. Y. Okuda, Mr. and Mrs. E. Maillard and child, Mrs. L. Street.

Misses Olive Shilda, F. Lesser, Messrs. M. Kobayashi, G. Tantai, M. Yamada, S. Sakai, S. Tanaka, E. Fujimura, H. Kodai, R. Oka, E. Eadada Silva, A. W. Geoghegan, F. Pawell, K. S. Lesser, J. Seymour, M. J. Watt, G. R. I. Seger, Morin, U. Matsubara and S. Saito.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Bombay Maru from Hongkong: Mr. K. Kumon.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kaga Maru from Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. Roberts

and 2 children, Mrs. Hee Wei lan, Duchess Bhismuk, Miss Choom and Messrs. R. C. L. Watrin, K. T. Lu, E. Healey, I. Nakamura.

Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza from Vladivostok and Nagasaki: Mr. and Mrs. Ploides, Mr. and Mrs. Osmaroff, Mr. and Mrs. Cheprunoff, Mr. and Mrs. Kohman, Mr. and Mrs. Dekarhannoff.

Mesdames Makaroff, Jakobson, Machubinsky, Zalutskala and child, Verbian, Koupeloff, Gurukoff and Lurina.

Mrs. and Miss Petanbes, Misses Lehar, Mussin, Vuren, Sherbone, Ganie, Fisse and Perrin, Messrs. Stefanitis, Beneke, Venden, Gering, Moore, Williams, Lolanitch, Shebelloff-Korenkoff, Kronberg-Serenon, Starr, Sata, Baranoff, Badashkin, Kelgald, Salapin, Subbotin, Kikurin, Rasphobsky, Nifonoff, Iulng, Perstein, Linsberg, Braunding, Grudkoff, Vachurin, Sialakia, Cokoloff, Supchir Ermanoff, Kinsgroud, Froloff, Grigorovskiy, Aloksheff, Semenov, Kirpovsky, Dub. Zubaloff, Borgeest, Nirossipoff, Vodoin, Polper, Sternansky, Kitemsky, Gadiaeff, Sepir, Blisniak, Hedrin, Vunappos, Shen-i-suan, Murang, Ozol, Upolnietk, Kuren, Arndorf, Zubeloff, Martynoff, Kutkoff, Antopolis, Hitt, Gudkoff, Gribin, Enriagin and Shudelomovsky, and 28 soldiers of the Polish legion.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, May 1, 1918.

Money and Bullion

Tls.

Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate
@ 1063 = Tls. 92.68
@ 7.83 = Mex. \$127.80

Max. Dollars: Market rate: 72.975

Shai Gold Bars 978 touch Tls. 292

Bar Silver Tls. 497

Copper Cash per tael 1806

Sovereigns:

Buying rate @ 4/5d. = Tls. 4.53
exch. @ 7.83 = Mex. \$127.80

Peking Bar Tls. 497

Native Interest 03

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver 491d.

Bank Rate of Discount: 5%

Market rate of discount: —

3 m-s. %

4 m-s. %

6 m-s. %

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s. 27.25

Mr. N. Y. on London T.T. \$479

Consols 1

Exchange Opening Quotations

London T.T. 4/5

India Demand 4/64

Paris T.T. 2943

Paris Demand 604

New York Demand 1053

Hongkong T.T. 703

Japan T.T. 491

Batavia T.T. 531

Banks Buying Rates

London 4 m/s. Cds. 4/7d.

London 4 m/s. Docy. 4/71d.

London 6 m/s. Cds. 4/71d.

London 6 m/s. Docy. 4/71d.

Paris 4 m/s. Cds. 4/71d.

New York 4 m/s. Docy. 110

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE
RATES FOR APRIL

HK. Tls. 4.15 @ 4/4% 21

" 1 @ 593 Francs 6.61

" 0.87 @ 103% Gold 51

" 1 @ 50 Yen 2.23

" 1 @ 15 Rupees 3.44

" 1 @ — Roubles —

" 1 @ 1.50 Mex. \$1.50

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, May 1, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Hkong and Shai Banks \$677.50

S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1912 Tls. 90.00

Shanghai Dock Tls. 105.00

Langkai Tls. 16.25

Kangyik Cotton Tls. 15.75

Gules "L" Tls. 6.10

Samagosa Tls. 0.80

Unofficial

Shanghai Hotels 6% Debs. Tls. 80.00

Telephones Tls. 79.00

Shanghai Docks Tls. 105.00

Loan Kung Mow Cotton Tls. 107.50

Dominions Tls. 8.00

Shanghai Hotels 111.50

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

Shanghai, May 1, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Shanghai Hotels, 6% Tls. 80.00 cash

LANGKAT OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Somatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Landbouwe Exploitatie in Langkat.

"The output of crude oil for the week ended April 28 was 349 tons."

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International Cotton Co.
Has A Peppery MeetingProposal To Sell Company To Japanese Interests Is
Hotly Debated And Decision Postponed

A peppery session featured the extraordinary meeting of the International Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd. yesterday when the matter of winding up the company's affairs and accepting an offer from interested Japanese was brought up.

A spirited tilt between Mr. Charles E. Rayner, proposed in a resolution as liquidator and favoring the sale, and Mr. James Kerfoot, opposing it, followed the chairman's speech. A new offer for the property, made by Jardine, Matheson and Co., was announced by the chairman, Mr. Arthur Hide, and the meeting was finally adjourned for consideration of this offer.

Mr. Hide took the chair at the opening of the meeting and there were present Messrs. F. Ayscough, Charles Rayner and S. A. Levy, directors, Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, barrister, Mr. G. Willeumier, secretary, and a large number of shareholders. The resolutions proposing the winding up of the company's affairs, the appointing of Mr. Rayner as liquidator and authorizing him to accept the offer made were put by Mr. Rayner and seconded by Mr. S. E. Levy. The chairman then said:

"Gentlemen, it is probably desirable that I should make a few comments on the resolution which is before the meeting in order to clear the way for a more general discussion.

"The offer that has been made to purchase the business and goodwill of the company, stated briefly, is as follows:

"1.—To take over all unsold stocks of manufactured and unmanufactured material on July 1, 1918, at market price on that date.

"2.—To take over all the mill stores on same date at book value.

"3.—To take over the company's freehold and leasehold land at Pootung, together with all buildings, plant and machinery thereon for the sum of Tls. 1,133,972.62.

"With regard to No. 1.—The offer for the unsold stocks of manufactured and unmanufactured material is quite reasonable and as far as can be foreseen at present should represent a considerable profit on the first cost of same. All profits made up to July 1, 1918, are retained of course, by the company and unless anything quite unforeseen occurs between now and then I am happy to be able to say that they will be considerable.

"The offer for the mill stores on July 1 at book value is probably more in favor of the buyer than the seller but this point is one on which I would not lay great stress as it involves also the taking over of all stores now on order some of which may not arrive for months.

"The offer to take over the company's freehold and leasehold land at Pootung, together with all buildings, plant and machinery thereon, for the sum of Tls. 1,133,972.62 is one that requires careful consideration and before you come to any decision on the matter I must trouble you with some details as to how this sum is arrived at, the assets that it covers, and its relation to replacing cost of those assets.

"The amount offered represents book values on September 30, 1917, as stated in our last balance sheet less half the amount of depreciation provided at the last annual meeting of the company.

"The assets may be briefly stated as under:

No. 1. Mill.....42,000 Spindles

No. 2. Mill.....11,056 "do.

Weaving Shed.....500 Looms

together with 2 large godowns, power houses, subsidiary buildings and dwelling houses, all of which are situated on leasehold property. Also the village of 330 Chinese houses and two godowns situated on the freehold property on the East.

"The leasehold property is held on a 999 years lease at a reasonable ground-rent and carries with it valuable foreshore rights which at present are entirely undeveloped and in view of the fact that there is little suitable foreshore with deep water frontage left in the immediate neighborhood of industrial Shanghai the value of such rights must be considerable in the years to come.

"The No. 1 Mill dates from the inception of the company but is doing better work and more of it today than it has done for several years past.

"The No. 2 mill and the weaving shed are practically new and the machinery was all purchased at pre-war prices.

"The assets which I have just described cost you Tls. 1,818,501.97 and from this amount Tls. 684,529.35 has been written off for depreciation (including half the amount provided at the last annual meeting) leaving a net book value of Tls. 1,133,972.62 at which figure it is proposed to sell this portion of your business.

"We now come to the comparison of the price offered for the assets I have detailed, and the replacing cost of same today.

"The acceptance of the offer made would mean that you would be selling the No. 1 mill, including the two godowns and all the subsidiary buildings, at the rate of Tls. 14.25 per spindle while to replace the plant and the mill building alone today would cost Tls. 55.50 per spindle. The mill is of course 20 years old but I have no hesitation in saying that it is worth a very great deal more per spindle than the price offered.

"Calculated on similar lines the No. 2 mill which is quite new would be sold at the rate of Tls. 26.00 per spindle while replacing cost of this mill building and plant today would be Tls. 58.00 per spindle.

"Again, the weaving shed and its looms would be sold at the rate of Tls. 34.50 per loom as compared with a replacing cost of Tls. 45.00 per loom and like the No. 2 Mill the weaving shed and plant are practically new.

"Further you would be selling the village property and buildings for the bare cost of the land plus the written

believed was a matter which referred only to those interested. He said:

"I have always had a sincere admiration for the ability and success with which Mr. Kerfoot has promoted the interests of cotton mills in Shanghai with which he has been connected. As regards our own Mill, Mr. Kerfoot, however, has never had any connection whatsoever with it. He knows nothing whatever about your affairs and although he has bought a few shares in order to be able to come and attend this meeting, I ask you to dismiss from your minds as irrelevant and inspired, not by solicitude for your welfare, but by what I cannot help describing as cheap sentiment what he has written to the papers and has said here.

"There is here far more practical patriotism in realising on a doubtful asset and putting the cash into war bonds than in sitting still and talking sentiment. Our Government at home itself has not hesitated to requisition foreign securities in British hands and to sell them abroad in order to stabilize exchange.

"Moreover, I may tell you that I have the opinion of one of the leading British business men in Shanghai, whose patriotism is above all doubt, that I would be very foolish indeed if I (and by inference the other British shareholders) did not make use of this opportunity to liquidate our holdings at the handsome profit offered to us.

"I have been a director of this company for about 20 years. Precedence given to the devotion and tireless industry of our secretary and general manager, I think I may say I have had no mean share in erecting our company from its many difficulties and in building up its fortunes which have improved not at all owing to war influences (as you will readily perceive by considering what progress other mills in Shanghai have made), but thanks to hard spade work put in by the secretary and general manager and to the recommendations of Mr. Kerfoot to pass these resolutions I am offering no tempting bait to anyone but am strictly minding my own and the other shareholders' business.

"By the way, Mr. Kerfoot does not seem to have noticed that by ascribing in his letter the present prosperity of the cotton spinning industry to Mr. Kerfoot and other transitory influences, he has earned in this a powerful business argument in favor of, and not opposed to, the scheme before the meeting.

"There is just one more rather amusing point I should like to mention in connection with Mr. Kerfoot's letters to the papers. In the letter printed in the Mercury a rather obscure allusion is made to the fact that I offered to sell my shares at the price of 92. In the letter as printed in the Daily News, this allusion is omitted.

"Gentlemen, I did, not very long ago, offer to sell my shares at 92 but so also did all the gentlemen who are now opposing me and who now, only a few months afterwards, wish to convince you that even Tails 175 to Tails 200, or twice as much as they themselves offered to sell at, is too cheap. Verbum sapienti. It strikes me that Mr. Kerfoot has put his foot in it rather badly. I will conclude by telling you what I have not mentioned so far that it would have been the easiest thing in the world for me at the present juncture to sell out my own shares at an excellent price, take my cash, and then look on and see the other shareholders frozen out on approved lines. I knew I would have to face misrepresentation of my motives. I have preferred to play the game and to stand by the body of shareholders and it is for you to say, gentlemen, whether you will in your turn stand by me."

Mr. Kerfoot in reply to Mr. Rayner's remarks said that it tended to belittle him in the eyes of the other shareholders. He had been instrumental in building up British prestige in the cotton industry. At one time he had brought up from Hongkong a number of mill workers, for which he had not got a single cash, and on another occasion he had not even get thanks for it. He asked if that was cheap sentiment. He considered Mr. Rayner as very pessimistic in his outlook, and said that the mill was good enough for Mr. Rayner, and it only required a little backbone. Further he criticised the directorate in the choice of its staff.

Mr. Wilkinson, who attended as the lawyers for the firm, called the attention of the chairman to the remarks being made were irrelevant and therefore out of order.

Mr. Rayner in answer to Mr. Kerfoot's remarks said that Mr. Kerfoot had really no interest in the welfare of the shareholders, and that he had only lately bought a number of shares in order to attend the meeting. As regards the staff, he was sorry that Mr. Kerfoot, as a stranger, should make a criticism, and especially so of fellow Lancastrians. As for being pessimistic, he said he always had faith in the M.I. What he was pessimistic about was the political outlook here and other things. The past justified his views as to pessimism.

Mr. Kerfoot then said that rather than let the company out of British hands he would take it over.

The chairman then rose and said he would try and pour some oil on the troubled waters. He had received another offer for the mill. The terms on which this offer was made were exactly on the same lines as the first, with the exception that the price would be Tls. 1,200,000 instead of Tls. 1,133,972.62 in the original offer, the difference being between the amount offered for the leasehold and freehold property at Pootung with the buildings and plant and machinery thereon. He asked whether the shareholders decided to sell the property right away or whether they would rather enable the board to go further into the matter. The latter course was adopted.

"In view of the better offer we now have," Mr. Rayner said, "I move that this matter may be considered and communicated to the party first making the offer."

The chairman replied that this would have to be left in the hands of the directors.

A shareholder then asked whether the latest offer came from aliens or Britishers, to which the chairman assured that it was British.

Mr. H. White asked whether the

parties making the offer were responsible people, to which the chairman replied that they were absolutely so.

The chairman, then moved the adjournment of the meeting for the consideration of the second offer, and in thanking the shareholders for their presence, stated that it was particularly desired to be known that the second offer came from Jardine, Matheson and Co.

Hankow Market

Imports

We have to report a quiet week with very little doing. Prices of Whites and Blacks have remained steady all round, although at a slightly lower level than last week. Clearances have also fallen off somewhat, which is due in a small degree to Race Week. Yarn prices are down Tls. 6 per bale after having risen Tls. 3 per bale since our last report, and the market closes weak, demand being poor and dealers prepared to sell their stocks at several taels per bale below replacing cost.

Exports

Business during the past week has been very dull. Cables continue to work very slowly and markets generally are very quiet with no demand. As there is no actual business reported quotations must be considered nominal.

Finance And Money Market

Paper was offering fairly freely

during the first part of the week, but owing to the incidence of the local Races on the 22nd, 23rd and 24th, there was not much doing on the Monday and Tuesday, telegrams re-Rates not being received on the 23rd until the afternoon. There was a little demand for remittance on the 18th and 19th. For T.T. on Shanghai the market remains inactive at 96.7 nominal with no demand at all, and foreign Banks are importing. 96.75 is quoted for T.T. Dollars are firm at 70.8 Evers 70.8 Sellers Chinese market and have remained unchanged during the week. Interest:—5%. Changsha exchange:—65.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Router's Service

London, April 27.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe. Spot: 2s. 4½d. Value.

July to December: 2s. 6d. Value.

Tendency of Market: Inactive.

Previous quotation, London, April 26.

Spot: 2s. 4½d. Paid.

July to December: 2s. 6d. Paid.

Tendency of Market: Weak.

MARTIN'S
APIOL-STEEL
PILLS

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. These powerful pills keep a lot of ladies so thin on the first sign of any irregularity of the system a timely dose may be administered. These pills are recommended by all the best medical authorities. At all Chemists and Druggists or sent free by post to MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGL.

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

TONIGHT TONIGHT

The Great Pathe Gold Rooster Film

THE IRON HEART
THE IRON HEART
THE IRON HEART

FEATURING

EDWIN ARDEN
EDWIN ARDEN
EDWIN ARDEN

A story of a man with an Iron Heart who ruled with a rod of iron. Thinking he ruled wife and workmen, there came a time when both proved stronger and he lost all. The Pathe Producer gives a worthy setting to this brilliant story both with artists and scenery.

YOU WILL LIKE THIS STORY. BOOK TODAY

We shall also show

PATHE'S AMERICAN GAZETTE
PATHE'S AMERICAN GAZETTE

Two good comedies

CHANG LEE — A BAG OF TROUBLES
CHANG LEE — A BAG OF TROUBLES

The Acrobatic Mule Not the sort of bag you want

MATINEE, Saturday 4 p.m. MATINEE, Sunday 3 p.m.

Mrs. Vernon Castle in "Stranded in Arcady" Douglas Fairbanks in "His Picture in the Papers."

"The Eldorado"

3 Jukong Road.

To Complete
"A Perfect Day,"
visit
"The Eldorado."
Come and be
Entertained!

Mr. & Mrs. Doris
Roumanian Duetists

Mlle. La Rigolette
Famous Danseuse.

All Star-Turns!
Prof. Martinez'
Orchestra

Commencing 10 p.m.



Amusements

Olympic Theatre

SHOWING

Tonight, May 2nd
One Night only

Pau'ne Frederick

In a Picturization of the
Celebrated Novel and Play

"BELLA DONNA"

and

OTHER NEW FILMS

The Special Feature

TO BE SCREENED

at the

VICTORIA THEATRE

TONIGHT TONIGHT
May, 2nd

"THE SOWERS"

From the Novel by

Henry Seton Merriman

with the

Photo-Play Star Extraordinary
MIS

BLANCHE SWEET

Harmston's Circus

AND

ROYAL M. NAGERIE

Location: Chang Su-Ho's Gardens

TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

More Changes! More Changes!!
of Programme

Friday night, May 3rd.

Amateur Riding Contest.

A handsome trophy will be presented to the Competitor making the best attempt at standing on his feet (aided by the mechanic).

Limited to 6 entries

Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and
Sunday Afternoons.

Doors open 3 p.m. Commence 4 p.m.
when Children will be admitted at
half-price to all parts of the Circus.
Special Tram Cars running nightly
after every performance.

Prices as Usual

Booking at Robinson Piano Co., Daily

W. HARMSTON, C.M. BRUCE,
Proprietors. Band Master.

R. ALTON & W. SYMONS, Agents.

ISIS THEATRE

THE LARGEST THEATRE IN
SHANGHAI

The House of Quality and Comfort
Showing the very best pictures
and giving full value for
your money

TONIGHT TONIGHT

Showing
THE VOICE ON THE WIRE
entitled

"TWIXT DEATH AND DAWN"

The Interesting Secret Service
Story in 3 Acts
"THE STOLEN TREATY"

The Screaming L-o Comedies
"WANTED A WIFE"
"GERTIE'S JOY RIDE"

Watch for the Great
NEW ATTRACTIONS
coming at the

ISIS THEATRE

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital \$1,200,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:

22 BUNHAWAY, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
W. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goshen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Branches:

The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar Dholi Puket
Bangkok Ipoh Rangoon
Batavia Karachi Saigon
Bombay Kiang Serebamba
Calcutta Kobe Singapore
Canton Kuala Lumpur Shanghai
Cebu Madras Sourabaya
Colon Malacca Taiping
Dahli Manila (F. M. S.)
Fochow Medan Tavy (Lower Burma)
Haiphong New York
Hankow Peking Tientsin
Hongkong Penang Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital Frs. 40,000,000.00
Reserves Frs. 40,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok Hanoi Saigon
Batambang Hongkong Shanghai
Canton Mengtza Singapore
Djibouti Noumea Tientsin
Gondichery Peking Tourane
Haiphong Papote
Hankou Phnom-Penh

Branches:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital Frs. 20,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.

London office: 2 Bishopsgate
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt) and Rotterdam

President:

JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Branches:

London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Tels and fixed deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMEYER,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling \$1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000
Silver 19,500,000
\$34,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors

..... \$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Chairman
G. T. M. Edkins Esq. Deputy Chairman.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
S. H. Dodwell Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy Ipoh Peking
Bangkok Johore Penang
Batavia Kobe Rangoon
Bombay Kuala Lumpur Saigon
Calcutta London S. Francisco
Canton Lyons Shanghai
Colon Malacca Singapore
Fochow Manila Sourabaya
Hankow Nagasaki Tientsin
Harbin New York Tientsin
Hilo Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid) 55,000,000 Roubles.
Reserve Fund 26,900,000 Kpg. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government: 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head Office: PETERSBURG.

Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Branches:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:
Bombay Harbin Peking
Chanchun Hongkong Shanghai
Chefoo Newchwang Tientsin
Dairen Nicolayovsk Vladivostok
Hailan O-Amur Yokohama
Hankow

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Tels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JERZSEKI,

G. CARRERE,
Managers for China.
Japan and India

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital H.\$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital H.\$1,382,950.00
Reserve Fund H.\$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.\$ 40,000

Head Office:

No. 2 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:

No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. G. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital .. \$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital 12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund \$1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund \$1,998,932.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:
Peking Tientsin Shanghai
Tientsin Kaifeng Hankow
Changchun Wuhu Ichang
Antung Anking Changsha
Dahly Ningpo Nanchang
Moukden Ningpo Kiukiang
Newchwang Nanking Foochow
Harbin Chinkiang Amoy
Kirin Hsuechow Canton
Tainan Soochow Hongkong
Chefoo Wusieh Tientsin
Tsingtau Yangchow Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

3 HANKOW ROAD.
Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 3 per cent per annum, on Dollar Current Accounts at 1 per cent, per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN CHANG,

Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital France 45,000,000

One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President Andre Berthelot.
General Manager A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE

74, Rue St. Lazare, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Saigon and Hongkong

BANKERS:

In France: Societe Generale pour le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local currency and Fixed Deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Savings accounts in Gold and Local currency.
G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1859.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up 42,000,000
Reserve Fund 25,100,000

London Bankers:

The London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay Los Angeles Seattle
Calcutta Lyons Shanghai
ChangchunManila Shimonsaki
Dahly Moukden Singapore
Hankow Nagasaki Sourabaya
Harbin Newchwang Sydney
Hongkong New York Tientsin
Honolulu Osaka Tokio
Kaiyuen Peking Tientsin
Kobe Rangoon Tsingtau
London S. Francisco

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tels and Dollars, according to arrangement.
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital \$ 300,000.00
Reserve \$ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1917) \$2,067,768.24

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.
Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Current accounts in both tael and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars Interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tael and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHIEN,
General Manager

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. \$6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits U.S. \$1,348,000.00
U.S. \$7,848,000.00

Head Office:

55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:

26 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Batavia Kobe San Francisco
Bombay London Santo Domingo
Calcutta Manila Santiago de los Caballeros
Canton Medellin
Cebu Panama Shanghai
Colon Peking Sienfian
(Cristobal C.Z.)
Hankow San Pedro de Yokohama
Hongkong Macoris

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that institution established at—

Bahia Petrograd
Buenos Aires Rio de Janeiro
Caracas Santiago de Cuba
Genoa Santos
Havana San Paulo
Moscow, Russia Valparaiso
Montevideo

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNT which may be ascertained on application, and transmits all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.

1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NEDERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Gulden 60,000,000 (about \$5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—
Gulden 11,595,461 (about \$966,288)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:

THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin Padang Soerakarta
Bandong PalembangTebing-Tinggi
Cheribon PekalonganTegal
Djember Penang Telok-Betong
Djakarta Pontianak Tjilatjap
Hongkong Rangoon Waltevreden
Kota-Radja Semarang
Langsa Singapore
Makassar Soerabaya
Medan

London Bankers:

Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.
Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transmits banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tael and dollars
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,

Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:

12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.
Not more than \$1,000 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits: For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum. For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum. For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum. On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

E. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd

Authorized Capital \$1,500,000.
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000.
Paid-up Capital 525,000.
Reserve Fund 650,000.

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:

Bank of England.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies:

Bombay Howrah Madras
Calcutta Rangoon Penang
Colombo Karachi Port Louis
Delhi Kota Bahru (Mauritius)
Galle (Kelantan) Rangoon
Hongkong Kuala Lumpur Shanghai
Singapore

Shanghai Branch.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,

Manager.

26 The Bund.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Paid-Up Capital: Kuiping Tels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

60 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

25 Sachuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted on approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.

Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:

THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin Padang Soerakarta
Bandong PalembangTebing-Tinggi
Cheribon PekalonganTegal
Djember Penang Telok-Betong
Djakarta Pontianak Tjilatjap
Hongkong Rangoon Waltevreden
Kota-Radja Semarang
Langsa Singapore
Makassar Soerabaya
Medan

London Bankers:

Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.
Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transmits banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tael and dollars
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,

Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:

12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.
Not more than \$1,000 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits: For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum. For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum. For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum. On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

E. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

Java Consolidated Meets

The eighth annual general meeting of the Java Consolidated Rubber and Coffee Estates, Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at 10 Canton Road, Mr. A. J. Welch occupied the chair, being supported by Mr. E. S. Kadoorie, Mr. S. A. Hardoon and Mr. A. E. Algar, directors. Shares to the number of 7,000 were represented.

After the secretary had read the notice convening the meeting, the chairman said:

"Gentlemen, The report and accounts have been in your hands for some time, and I will, with your permission, follow the usual procedure and take them as read."

"I will, however, read to you the auditors' report which is as follows: 'We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. The dividend declared by C. M. Soember Mas-Kali, Padang, has been taken from a telegram received April 11, 1918, by the general managers. Subject to the foregoing the above balance sheet is, in our opinion, properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the company's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given us and as shown by the books.'

Low, Bingham & Matthews, Auditors.

"I regret that the meeting of this year is being held a full month later than has been customary for the past three years, but this is entirely attributable to the disorganisation of the mails and the consequent late arrival of the audited accounts from Java."

"Your directors have endeavored to give you as much information as possible in their report which leaves very little for me to say."

"During the year under review the remaining coffee bushes were entirely removed from both estates so that the company is now a purely rubber enterprise owning 2,034 acres of hevea, the whole of which area may be considered to be in bearing, although, of course, every tree has not yet come under the knife."

"The estates are equipped with practically all the necessary buildings and plant, the capital expenditure for 1918 being estimated at only \$15,550—more than half of which is for an additional motor for Kall Padang estate. The capitalisation per planted acre works out at just under \$37."

"In the older gardens where the trees were too thickly planted a considerable amount of thinning out was done with very beneficial results to the remaining trees. 21,321 trees in tapping and 2,196 immature trees were removed in this way during 1917."

"Further thinning out must eventually take place on Kall-Padang estate as there still remain about 140 trees to the acre, but this will be done gradually so as not to affect the output of rubber to any appreciable extent."

"The continual wet weather that prevailed induced a certain amount of stripe canker but this is reported to have yielded to treatment and to be gradually disappearing. The visiting agent in his last report advises that both the estates are in first class condition."

"The cost of production you will see from the report, shows a very material reduction on both estates as compared with the cost for last year; this is especially satisfactory when the tremendous rise in the cost of all

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 3	10.00	Takao & Seattle	Manila maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
May 10	10.00	Seattle etc.	Sowa maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 11	10.00	Vancouver	M. Eagle	U.S.	F.R.
May 25	10.00	Vancouver	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
May 25	10.00	San Francisco	Kaukor	Am.	F.M.S.S. Co.
May 27	10.00	San Francisco	San maru	Jap.	Alexander
May 27	10.00	San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	Yokohama
May 27	10.00	Seattle, etc.	Shibumi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 27	10.00	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	F.M.S.S. Co.
May 27	10.00	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.N. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

May 3	10.00	Nagasaki	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
May 3	10.00	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 4	10.00	do	Manila maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
May 4	10.00	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Chikuzen maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 10	10.00	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 11	10.00	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 14	10.00	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 14	10.00	Kobe	Hiro no maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 15	10.00	M. J. K. Kobe and Osaka	Kanamaru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Liverpool etc.	Shiden maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
London etc.	Kaga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

May 3	A.M.	Hongkong	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 3	A.M.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Swatow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

May 3	A.M.	Tientsin, Dairen & Tsingtao	Kokoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
May 3	A.M.	Tientsin, Dairen & Tsingtao	Kokoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
May 3	A.M.	Tientsin, Dairen & Tsingtao	Kokoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
May 3	A.M.	Tientsin, Dairen & Tsingtao	Kokoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
May 3	A.M.	Tientsin, Dairen & Tsingtao	Kokoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

May 3	A.M.	Hankow etc.	Taipei maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 3	A.M.	Hankow etc.	Taipei maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 3	A.M.	Hankow etc.	Taipei maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 3	A.M.	Hankow etc.	Taipei maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 3	A.M.	Hankow etc.	Taipei maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
May 1	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2882	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
May 1	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2151	Chl.	N.S.N. Co.	NSCW
May 1	Japan	Yamashiro maru	3236	Jap.	N.Y.K.	WW
May 1	Poochow	Kokoku maru	628	Jap.	O.S.K.	OS.W
May 1	Vladivostok	Penza	2670	Rus.	R.V.F.	9 p.
May 1	Haikow	Meiho	417	Am.	S.O. Co.	SO.W
May 1	Hankow	Meiho	406	Am.	S.O. Co.	SO.W
May 1	Hankow	Meiho	1924	J.M. & Co.	SHW	
May 1	Japan	Omi maru	2222	Jap.	N.Y.K.	WTV
May 1	China	Tungchow	1288	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW

Men-of-War in Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Rating	Tons	Guns	Man	Commander
USN	Apr. 26	Cruise	Chiyoda	Jap. g-b.	..	..	..	..
USN	Apr. 26	Cruise	Dde Lagree	Fr. g-b.	..	..	..	..
CNWP	Oct. 26	Cruise	Nightingale	Br. g-b.	85	..	..	..
PAOEI	..	Cruise	Villalobos	Am. g-b.	..	..	..	..

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. Taipei Maru Capt. M. Takeo, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Pootung wharf on Thursday, May 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund, Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co's Str. Kango, tons 2,664 Captain Gibb, will leave on Thursday, May 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyong, Captain F. Carlson, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Tatung Capt. C. C. Williams will leave from the French Bund on Friday, May 3, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Suiyang Maru, Captain Y. Tansuichi, will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on Friday, May 3, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund, Tel. No. 3256.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG.—The Str. Kwangtuh Capt. C. Stewart, will leave on Thursday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOI, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Sinkiang, Captain Wavell, will leave on Thursday, May 2, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire Agents, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Friday, May 3, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Sungkiang, Captain Trowbridge, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, May 5, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Sunning Capt. W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, May 7 at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire Agents, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOI, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Tamsui, Captain J. S. DeWolf, will leave on Thursday, May 9, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHEW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Suna Maru, Captain N. Iwamatsu, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepooh wharf on Thursday, May 9, at daylight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN, DAIREN & TSINGTAO.—The Str. Kokoku Maru, Capt. S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepooh wharf on Friday, May 3, at 4 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 3 p.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Tungchow, Captain Bennett, will leave from the Standard Oil Co's Lower Pootung Wharf on Saturday, May 4, at 10 a.m. Tender will leave Customs' Jetty at 9 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Shengking, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, May 7, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOREA, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Manila Maru, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on Saturday, May 4. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund, Telephone No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOREA, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Manila Maru, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on Saturday, May 4. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund, Telephone No. 4234 and 4235.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.	Kitano Maru	Apr. 17
For Liverpool	Iyo Maru	Apr. 6
For San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Apr. 12
China	China	Apr. 12
Venezuela	Venezuela	Apr. 12
Shinyo Maru	Shinyo Maru	Apr. 30
For Seattle	Africa Maru	Mar. 31
Kashima Maru	Kashima Maru	Mar. 31
Katori Maru	Katori Maru	Apr. 25
For Vancouver	Emperor of Asia	Apr. 13
For Marcellus, etc.	Altantique	Mar. 28
For Port Said	Nichiyu Maru	Apr. 27

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FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

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*The S.S. Wuchang and Chungking are especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung, Sunning and Suiyang.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.

Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund. During the winter months sailings are irregular owing to weather conditions.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailings will be suspended by this vessel from the 4th inst. owing to overhaul. S.S. Hsin Peking will resume her run on Wednesday, 20th inst. at 4 p.m. as usual. For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents 21-23 French Bund. Freight: Telephone No. 77. Passage: Telephone No. 401.

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S.S. COLUSA June 12	S.S. COLUSA July 26

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"MANILA MARU" (18,000 tons) Capt. N. Kobayashi, May 5, May 4

For Hongkong

"CHICAGO MARU" .. (18,000 tons) Capt. T. Saito, Apr. 27, Apr. 28

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin, Dairen and Tsingtau arr. leave.

"KOHOKU MARU" .. (7,610 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, May 1, May 3

For Tsingtau, Tientsin and Dairen arr. leave.

"KEELUNG MARU" .. (1,569 tons) Capt. S. Imai, May 7, May 9

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao

"SUMA MARU" .. (1,537 tons) Capt. N. Iwamatsu, May 6, May 8

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to—

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA Union Building, 4 The Bund.

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For Vancouver via Nagasaki and Yokohama	For Hongkong
Monteagle May 21	Empress of Japan July 9
Empress of Japan May 25	Monteagle July 13

Round trip tickets interchangeable with Toyo Kisen Kaisha and Pacific Mail.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc. apply to

G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building, Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc. apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

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PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

KOREA MARU 20,000 tons, for San Francisco, May 27, 1918
SIBERIA MARU 15,000 tons, for San Francisco, June 11, 1918

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

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Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

J. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.

North China Insurance Co.'s Building

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VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

JUNE 24, SEP. 3

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG

JUNE 11, AUG. 22

(On the outward voyage the steamer will come up the river and will be berthed at the Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf Co's Hongkong Wharf Entrance at No. 34 Broadway.)

G. J. PETROCELLI, FR. and PASS. AGENT

Business and Official Notices

Notice to Mariners

No. 656.

China Sea.

Shanghai and Chinkiang Districts.

Yangtze River.

Plover Point to Tungchow.

Vine Point Beacon Light established—Buoys moved.

North Tree Light and Pagoda buoy discontinued.

Referring to Special Notice to Mariners No. 501, NOTICE is hereby given that the following alterations have been made in the Aids to Navigation of the Yangtze River between Plover Point and Tungchow owing to changes in the channels:—

The Plover Point Buoy has been moved and is now moored in about 50 feet of water on the southern edge of the Langshan Flats, its characteristics remaining unchanged. From the Buoy, Plover Point Beacon bears S. 25° W., distant 1.78 miles.

The Waterman Bank Buoy has been moved and is now moored in about 25 feet of water on the western side of the southern end of the Langshan Crossing, its characteristics remaining unchanged. From the Buoy, Fushun Pagoda bears S. 26° W. distant 1.57 miles.

A Beacon, surmounted by a spherical shape and exhibiting a Dioptric 6th Order, Fixed, White Light, from sunset to sunrise has been established on Vine Point. From the Beacon, Langshan Pagoda bears N. 71° 20' E. distant 1.77 miles. This Light is to be known as the Vine Point Beacon Light.

The Pagoda Buoy has been discontinued.

The North Tree Light and Beacon has been discontinued.

CAUTION.

A recent survey of the Langshan Crossing shows that the maximum depth now to be obtained at Low Water of Spring Tides on the Langshan Crossing between the Lower and Upper Crossing Buoy is 23 feet. As rapid changes are taking place in this section of the river vessels are warned to navigate with caution.

All bearings given are magnetic and depths are those of Low Water of Spring Tides.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs.

W. Ferd. Tyler,

Coast Inspector.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS, Coast Inspector's Office, Shanghai, 1st May, 1918.

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10 lbs. ICE will be given in exchange for a METAL CHECK. CHECKS are now on sale at the COMPANY'S OFFICES:

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ICE Delivered, 2½ Cents per lb. Arrangements regarding deliveries can only be made through Head Office, 8 THORNE ROAD.

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FOR THE RACES

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In The Local Prize Court At
Shanghai

Whereas a report has been submitted to this Court by the Officer in command of the warship "HAI YUNG" of the Republican Navy regarding the capture of the S.S. "FORTUNA." Whereas a Judge has been appointed to take charge of the matter to investigate the facts and circumstances concerning the said ship, to make report thereupon and hand such report together with all the papers and documents in the case to the Procurator with a view to proper action being taken thereon: And Whereas the Procurator has submitted to this Court an opinion in favor of the condemnation of the said ship as a lawful prize. NOW IT IS HEREBY ORDERED under the Prize Court Rules Article 19 sub-section (1) and (2) that public notice by advertisement be given for the information of all parties interested in the said ship, TAKE THEREFORE NOTICE that if any person desires to set up any claim in respect of the action to be taken against the said ship, the same shall within thirty clear days from to-date (not later than the FIRST day of the SIXTH month in the Seventh year of the Chinese Republic) file with this Court a Petition in the form prescribed by this Court, in the absence of which judgment will be given by default. Dated this SECOND day of the FIFTH month in the Seventh year of the Chinese Republic.

By Order,

CHANG TING,

Clerk-in-Charge.

17774

NOTICE

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has established himself as Consulting Engineer for Structural Engineering at No. 41 Peking Road. Industrial Buildings a specialty.

C. LUTHY, S.I.A.,

Formerly Assist. Eng. for Structural Engineering, Shanghai Municipal Public Works Dept.

Telephone No. Central 1914.

Royal Asiatic Society
NORTH CHINA BRANCH

A MEETING of the Society will be held in the Lecture Hall, 5 Museum Road, on Thursday, May 2nd, at 5.30 p.m., when a Paper will be read by Judge CHARLES S. LOBINGER, CHANCELLOR EMERITUS OF THE PHILIPPINE ACADEMY, on

"THE EARLY MALAYS AND THEIR NEIGHBORS."

The Meeting is open to the public.

ISAAC MASON,

Hon. Secretary.

17805

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the whole interest of this Company is now vested in The China Industrial Supply Co., Ltd. (Jensen & Company, General Managers).

Sing Wah Manufacturing Co.
Z. T. Lee, Proprietor.

1st May, 1918.

17779

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5th and last Performance

OF

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of booking will be resold.

W. ARMSTRONG,

Business Manager.

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The Cathay Trust, Limited
(in liquidation)

HOLDERS OF ORDINARY shares are hereby notified that a Fourth dividend of Taels 1.00 per share has been declared and will be payable at the offices of the Liquidator, No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, between the hours of 10 a.m. and noon on and after the 1st May, 1918, against production of the Liquidator's Certificates for endorsement.

F. N. MATTHEWS,

Liquidator.

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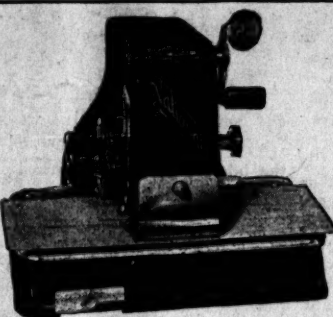
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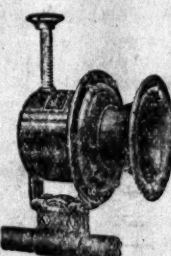
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WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back,
(with bathrooms and verandah), to
let. Good table.

Telephone North 482.

No. 8 Quinsan Gardens

Tel. N. 1944.

To let one large bedroom and
sitting room combined, with closed
verandah and bathroom attached.
Facing South. All modern com-
forts. Suitable for two bachelors,
or small family.

ORIENTAL HOUSE

31 Boone Road

To let, one large back room and also
one large attic room, facing garden,
with bathroom attached. Moderate
prices. Table under the personal
supervision of the American proprie-
tress. Tel. North 1102.

17757

WESTERN DISTRICT:

To let with board, large well-furnished
double room, facing south, suitable
for married couple or two bachelor
friends. Hot and cold water, tele-
phone. Apply Mrs. Thomas, 18
Love Lane.

17764 M.4

TO LET:

Large handsomely fur-
nished room in private flat, with
couple only. Private bath, hot and
cold water and shower attached.
Telephone, near Bund, no board, to
one gentleman only. Apply to Box
190, THE CHINA PRESS.

17804

WANTED:

Two bachelors or a
married couple, to take up two
furnished rooms (bathroom attach-
ed) with private family in Dixwell
Road. Apply to Box 178, THE
CHINA PRESS.

17778 M.3

TO LET, Western district, one

flat, two large and small rooms.
Bathroom and kitchen. Apply to
Box 182, THE CHINA PRESS.

17798 M.3

TO LET, completely furnished flat,

on Range Road (facing south).
Allies. Apply to Box 173, THE
CHINA PRESS.

17787

MARRIED COUPLE in Western

district, have one furnished room to
let, with board. Apply to Box 165,
THE CHINA PRESS.

17749 M.2

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED a quiet capable Chinese
amah to assist in the care of two
children (ages 13 and 8 years).
Apply to Box 174, THE CHINA
PRESS.

17768 M.2

WANTED: Competent Chinese

bookkeeper, who can take complete
charge of books. One who has a
good knowledge of English, and is
a good typist, preferable. Good
wages. Apply to Box 91, THE
CHINA PRESS.

17770 M-14

WANTED: Experienced Chinese

stenographer-typist. Must have a
good knowledge of the English
language. Good wages. Apply to
Box 92, THE CHINA PRESS.

17770 M.14

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST on Saturday at 6 p.m. near
Race Club building, a black Toy
Terrier pup (bitch). Kindly return
48 Bubbling Well Road. Reward.

17761 M.2

OFFICES, TO LET

17 MUSEUM ROAD, ground
floor, sets of large offices and
godowns, ready for occupation. Tls.
220. Apply to 10 Yangtzepoo
Road. Also offices to let in THE
CHINA PRESS Building.

17781 M.4

HOUSE for sale: One semi-

foreign house on North Honan
Road Extension, No. 28. A good
bargain, owner leaving for other
province. Apply to premises.

17643 M.5

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET: Elegant 7 roomed
detached residence, best part
European district, from July 1st.
Rent Taels 110. Apply to Box 191,
THE CHINA PRESS.

17810

TO LET, 484 Rue Eugene Bard,
at Dubail tram. Excellent 6 roomed
semi-detached residence. Rent Tls.
70. Apply premises or Hammond,
38 Nanking Road.

17792

65 BROADWAY: House in
Broadway terrace, Tls. 26 per
month. Beginning May 1st. Apply
to 10 Yangtzepoo Road.

17764 M.4

TO LET from May 15th, the six
roomed house, No. 1410 Avenue
Eduard VII, 8 minutes walk from
Race Club. Separate motor house
and servants' quarters. Please reply
to Denham and Rose.

17769 M.2

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE: 200 tons of old baled
newspapers U.S. brand at low price.
Those interested please communicate
with The Eastern Syndicate, 128A
Szechuen Road. Phone 3255.

17811 M.8

WHITE LEGHORN eggs, \$3.00
setting, from a good stock of
healthy birds. Poultry Farm, 816
Gordon Road, Telephone West
1114.

17686

SAFETY Razor Blades Sharpened.
Old blades made as good as new,
50 cents a dozen, single blades; 70
cents, double. Y.M.C.A. Barber
Shop, 120 Szechuen Road.

17806

WANTED: Second-hand motor
car, modern, no dealers. Send full
particulars and price, to Box 185,
THE CHINA PRESS.

17801 M.4

FOR SALE: A collection of 2,000
stamps with Album. Price moder-
ate. Apply to Box 183, THE
CHINA PRESS.